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COMMERCE ACQUISITION MANUAL
1313.301

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Purchase Card Program
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Purchase Card Program

SECTION 1 – OVERVIEW

1.1 Background
Executive Order 12931, “Federal Procurement Reforms” dated October 13, 1994, sets forth requirements for Federal agencies to establish programs for reducing administrative costs and other burdens that the acquisition function may impose on the Federal Government and private sector. In accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 13.201(b), the Government-wide commercial purchase card shall be the preferred method to purchase and pay for micro-purchases.

1.2 Purpose
The purpose of the Department of Commerce (DOC) Purchase Card Program is to implement the General Services Administration SmartPay® Program for Government-wide Commercial Purchase Cards within the Department of Commerce. The Purchase Card Program provides policy and guidance regarding the use of the Government-wide Commercial Purchase Card and Convenience Checks issued under the purchase card program.

Operating Units are authorized to develop supplemental operational policies and guidance related to the purchase card, which may be more, but not less restrictive than the Departmental policy. Supplemental policies must be reviewed by the Office of Acquisition Management, prior to implementation.

1.3 Applicability
The Purchase Card Program applies to Department of Commerce employees participating in the Government-wide purchase card program, including Agency Program Coordinators, Approving Officials, Cardholders and other associated personnel. Participation in the purchase card program shall be limited to DOC employees whose current appointments have durations exceeding one year.

1.4 Program Objectives
The primary objectives of the Purchase Card Program are to improve mission support, streamline the placement of micro-purchases and reduce administrative costs and paperwork, streamline payment procedures, improve cash management practices, improve management controls, reporting and decision-making activities while ensuring the adherence to Federal and Departmental acquisition regulations, policies, guidance, and GSA SmartPay® 2 master contract provisions.

1.5 Roles and Responsibilities
1.5.1 Senior Procurement Executive (SPE)
The Senior Procurement Executive is responsible for implementing and overseeing the management of the Purchase Card Program department-wide; and approving deviations from charge card program policies.
1.5.2 Senior Bureau Procurement Official (BPO)
The Senior Bureau Procurement Official is responsible for implementing the Purchase Card Program within their Operating Unit, nominating Agency Program Coordinators, developing supplemental guidance and requesting deviations from Purchase Card program policies.

1.5.3 Purchase Card Policy Manager
The Purchase Card Policy Manager is responsible for developing and updating DOC policies, procedures, and guidance for the purchase card program; serving as the primary point of contact for clarification of policy issues regarding the purchase card program, serving as Chairperson on purchase card risk management team; preparing reports to the Office of Management Budget and General Services Administration; and conducting internal control reviews for the purchase card program.

1.5.4 Head of Contracting Office (HCO)
The Heads of Contracting Office are responsible for managing the purchase card program within their respective contracting office; delegating authority to an Agency Program Coordinator (APC) to manage the day-to-day operation of the purchase card program; delegating Approving Official and cardholder authorities with purchasing limits; authorizing the use of convenience checks; reviewing the Agency Program Coordinator audit reports to ensure compliance with internal controls; terminating delegations and appointments; and reporting suspected fraud, waste, abuse and misuse to the Office of Inspector General and any external investigations or audits to the Senior Procurement Executive and the Purchase Card Policy Manager.

1.5.5 Agency Program Coordinator (APC)
Agency Program Coordinators are responsible for reviewing cardholder and Approving Official transactions; managing the Purchase Card Program for their respective Operating Unit; maintaining hierarchies, managing purchase card accounts; performing oversight functions; providing guidance to Approving Officials and cardholders; maintaining records on completed training; assisting the HCO with development of Operating Unit-specific purchase card training; conducting annual reviews of Approving Official records; reporting suspected fraud, waste and abuse to the Office of Inspector General and Purchase Card Policy Manager; terminating and suspending accounts for suspected fraud or abuse upon the direction of the HCO; recommending terminations of purchase card delegations; identifying strategic sourcing opportunities; and resolving billing discrepancies with the servicing bank.

1.5.6 Approving Official/Alternate Approving Official (AO)
The Approving Official is responsible for ensuring that purchases made by cardholders under their purview were appropriate, charges were accurate and purchases were for official Government business; reconciling and certifying monthly statements in the absence of the cardholder; ensuring cardholders are current with all program training requirements; maintaining copies of cardholder training certificates; reviewing and approving cardholder purchase card transactions; ensuring funds are available; resolving questionable transactions with the cardholder; ensuring cardholders reconcile transactions and statements within the reconciliation timeframe; reviewing transactions for appropriate documentation; requesting changes to cardholder accounts; reporting suspected waste, fraud or abuse of purchase cards to the APC, and Office of Inspector General; reporting lost, stolen or compromised cards; reporting changes in cardholder status and administrative changes to cardholder accounts; and maintaining reconciliation files.
1.5.7 Cardholders
Cardholders are responsible for making authorized purchases for official Government business only; obtaining valid purchase requests with certified funds and all required justifications and approvals; complying with Federal, Departmental and Operating Unit laws, regulations, policies and guidance as it relates to use of the purchase card; complying with spending limitations; maintaining a monthly purchase card ordering log for all transactions; complying with internal control procedures; reconciling accounts and disputing unresolved or invalid transactions; safeguarding the purchase card and account information; reporting unauthorized use, lost, stolen, or compromised cards; and complying with accountable property procedures.

1.5.8 Convenience Check Writers
Convenience check writers have the same responsibilities as cardholders in addition to the following responsibilities: recording purchase transactions in the servicing bank’s electronic tool; reviewing transactions against the bank statement and identifying any errors in the dollar amounts; reviewing scanned image of canceled checks in servicing bank’s electronic tool; tracking outstanding checks that may appear as transactions on future billing statements; and maintaining convenience check transaction files in accordance with records retention requirements.

1.5.9 Budget Officers/Financial Management Specialists
Budget officers and financial management specialists are responsible for providing appropriate funding for purchase card and convenience checking accounts, maintaining accurate financial records, and fulfilling financial management reporting requirements.

1.5.10 Designated Billing Office/Finance Office
Designated Billing Office/Finance Offices are responsible for downloading the electronic purchase card centrally billed invoice from the servicing bank’s electronic access system; making payment; notifying the APC of any billing discrepancies and processing Internal Revenue Service (IRS) 1099 reports.

END OF SECTION 1
SECTION 2 – Establishing and Maintaining Accounts

2.1 Training Requirements
Cardholders, approving officials, and agency program coordinators shall document satisfactory completion of required training prior to nomination and appointment to the purchase card program. In addition, cardholders, approving officials, and agency program coordinators shall certify in writing that they have read and understood the policies and procedures outlined in Commerce Acquisition Manual 1313.301.

2.1.1 Cardholders and Approving Officials

2.1.1.1 Single Purchase Limit up to the Micro-purchase Threshold
The single purchase limit for cardholders who are not in an acquisition position is generally the micro-purchase threshold. The micro-purchase threshold is $3,000 except for acquisition of construction subject to the Davis-Bacon Act, the limit is $2,000, and for acquisition of services subject to the Service Contract, the limit is $2,500. The monthly billing cycle limit is $10,000. An approving official must submit a written justification to the agency program coordinator for an increase or decrease in the monthly billing cycle limit. Prospective cardholders requesting a single purchase limit up to the micro-purchase threshold shall document satisfactory completion of the following training:

- GSA SmartPay® Online Training
- Section 508 Compliance Online Training
- CLM 003 Ethics Training for Acquisition or equivalent Government Ethics Training
- Servicing Bank’s Electronic Access Systems Training

2.1.1.2 Single Purchase Limit above the Micro-purchase Threshold
Single purchase limits above the micro-purchase threshold shall be limited to cardholders who meet the contracting officer warrant requirements as outlined in Commerce Acquisition Manual 1301.6. In addition to the training outlined in paragraph 2.1.1.1, individuals requesting single purchase limits above the micro-purchase threshold shall meet the Federal Acquisition Certification in Contracting (FAC-C) training, education and experience requirements for the applicable warrant level, as outlined in CAM 1301.6. The maximum single purchase limit for cardholders who are not in the General Schedule 1102 contracting series or 1105 purchasing series is $100,000. Prospective cardholders requesting a single purchase limit above the micro-purchase threshold shall submit FAC-C application for level 1 certification and document satisfactory completion of the following education, experience, and training:

- Education: Baccalaureate degree or 24 semester hours in business discipline
- Experience: At least one year of contracting experience
- Performance Plan: Acquisition Management Critical Element
- GSA SmartPay® Purchase Card Training
In addition to the FAC-C education, experience, and training requirements, employees who are not employed by a contracting office shall meet the additional requirements outlined in paragraphs 4.8.1 through 4.8.2 of Commerce Acquisition Manual 1301.6.

### 2.1.2 Agency Program Coordinators

Individuals appointed as agency program coordinators shall document satisfactory completion of training. APCs are required to have the same training as cardholders as outlined in 2.1.1.1 and 2.1.1.2.

### 2.1.3 Refresher Training

Cardholders, approving officials, and agency program coordinators shall complete annual refresher training. Refresher training may consist of the GSA Purchase Card training, Government Purchase Card Refresher Training, GSA SmartPay® Annual Training Conference, Ethics Training, or Operating Unit purchase card training. As agreed to by the employee and supervisor, refresher training may also be any training opportunity related to the employee’s job, necessary for career development, or used for cross training.

Generally, refresher training may include no-cost distance learning training, assignment-specific courses, or other training opportunities. Individuals are encouraged to take courses that add to their knowledge base or enhance existing skills and should generally be increasingly more complex throughout an employee’s career progression. Failure to complete required refresher training will lead to suspension of cardholder and approving official purchase card accounts until training is successfully completed.
2.1.4 Training Providers

2.1.4.1 GSA SmartPay® Training
GSA provides SmartPay® purchase card training for cardholders and approving officials. Employees can register for courses at http://www.gsa.gov/Portal/gsa/ep/contentView.do?programId=10118&channelId=--13497&ooid=10141&contentId=23312&pageTypeld=8199&contentType=GSA_BASIC&programPage=%2Fep%2Fprogram%2FgsaBasic.jsp&P=FCX6.

2.1.4.2 The 508 Universe Training
GSA provides Section 508 training through the 508 Universe. Employees can register for the 508 course at http://www.section508.gov/index.cfm?FuseAction=RegisterUniverse.

2.1.4.3 Defense Acquisition University Training
Defense Acquisition University (DAU) training courses are available to civilian agency employees at no charge. The following purchase card training courses are available through DAU: CLM 003, CON 100, CON 110, CON 111, CON 112, and CON 120. Employees can view the current course schedule and register for DAU training courses at https://www.atrrs.army.mil/channels/faitas/student/logon.aspx?caller=1.

2.2 Nomination Procedures

2.2.1 Nomination of Agency Program Coordinators
Senior Bureau Procurement Officials shall nominate prospective agency program coordinators that are responsible and possess the required business acumen to be entrusted with management and oversight of the purchase card program. Nominations shall be forwarded to the Head of Contracting Office and shall include applicable training certificates.

2.2.2 Nomination of Cardholders and Approving Officials
Operating Unit officials shall nominate prospective cardholders and approving officials that have demonstrated they are responsible and possess the required business acumen to be entrusted with a Government purchase card. Nominations shall be forwarded to the agency program coordinator and shall include a written justification for issuance of a purchase card along with applicable training certificates and proposed single purchase and monthly spending limits. A sample nomination memorandum is provided in Appendix B. Incomplete nomination packages will be returned to the requesting official with an explanation for the rejection.

2.2.3 Span of Control
Span of control refers to the extent of review responsibilities placed on a single approving official for the purchase card transactions of one or more cardholders. The number of cardholders assigned to an approving official should be reasonable considering the volume of cardholder activity and the organizational structure to enable an approving official to conduct reviews to ensure detection of possible cases of misuse and fraud. The approving official shall have direct knowledge of the cardholder’s role and must have the ability to verify receipt of goods or services. In accordance with the recommendations of the Government Accountability Office (GAO) Audit Guide dated November 2003, all approving officials shall have a maximum of seven (7) cardholders unless authorization to exceed that maximum is received in writing from the Head of Contracting Office.
2.2.4 Separation of Duties
Separation of duties minimizes the risk of fraud and/or loss of property. The responsibilities of cardholder, approving official and agency program coordinator functions shall not overlap to ensure that management controls are not circumvented. Assignment of duties such as authorizing, approving, and recording transactions; receiving assets; approving cardholder statements; making payments; certifying funding; and reviewing or auditing shall be assigned to separate individuals to the greatest extent possible. In no instance shall an Approving Official be subordinate (organizationally) to a cardholder.

2.3 Card Application and Account Setup
2.3.1 Purchase Card Applicants
Upon approval of a cardholder’s nomination package by the HCO, the agency program coordinator will direct the prospective cardholder to the servicing bank’s online application tool and provide instructions on how to initiate a card application. Purchase card applicants shall complete and submit the online card application. The application will be routed to the approving official for review of completeness and accuracy. Upon acceptance, approving officials shall forward applications to the APC for processing and nomination package submittal to the HCO. The HCO will then review the completed cardholder’s nomination package and make a decision to delegate this authority or not. If approved, the APC will complete the application process, enter the cardholder profile data into the servicing bank’s tool and provide user access information and guidance. If not approved, the HCO shall provide a written explanation to the cardholder.

2.3.2 Approving Official Applicants
Upon approval of an approving official’s nomination package by the HCO, the agency program coordinator will complete the application for prospective approving officials. The agency program coordinator will also enter the approving official’s profile data into the servicing bank’s tool and provide user access information and guidance.

2.4 Delegation of Procurement Authority
2.4.1 Agency Program Coordinator Delegation
The Heads of Contracting Office shall delegate authority to agency program coordinators by issuance of a Delegation of Procurement Authority memorandum. A sample delegation memorandum is provided in Appendix C.

2.4.2 Cardholder and Approving Official Delegation
Agency program coordinators shall review applications and provide recommendation for approval or disapproval to the Head of Contracting Office. Upon approval of application, the Head of Contracting Office shall delegate purchase card procurement authority to approving officials, and cardholders by issuance of a Delegation of Procurement Authority memorandum. A sample delegation memorandum is provided in Appendix D. Disapproved applications shall be returned to the employee’s supervisor with explanation for disapproval.

2.5 Account Maintenance
2.5.1 Changes in Cardholder Status
Upon change in cardholder status such as transfer, retirement, resignation or termination, cardholders shall stop using the card far enough in advance of their
separation date, if possible, to allow outstanding transactions to be processed before their separation. Cardholders shall destroy their card by cutting it in half and providing the destroyed card to their approving official; advise the approving official of any outstanding transactions; provide the approving official with any remaining receipts or other documents related to outstanding transactions; and follow Operating Unit checkout procedures. Failure to comply with these procedures may result in a delay of official checkout. Approving officials shall determine when to close the account based on the outstanding transactions and shall notify the agency program coordinator. The agency program coordinator shall cancel the card when it becomes apparent that a cardholder status has changed to retirement, resignation or termination.

2.5.2 Changes in Approving Official Status
Upon change in approving official status such as transfer, retirement, resignation or termination, a new approving official shall be nominated and cardholder accounts shall be transferred. If it is not possible to establish a new approving official, cardholder accounts will be suspended. The agency program coordinator is responsible for ensuring that the new approving official receives and maintains the predecessor approving official's records. If there is no successor approving official, the agency program coordinator shall retain custody of the records.

2.5.3 Administrative Changes
Cardholders and approving officials shall notify their agency program coordinator in writing of any administrative changes such as name, address, or phone number. Upon written notification of administrative changes, the agency program coordinator shall make the appropriate change in the servicing bank’s system.

2.5.4 Changes to Purchase Limits
Requests to change cardholder’s single purchase limit or monthly purchase limit shall be submitted by the approving official through the agency program coordinator to the Head of Contracting Office. Upon approval of changes to purchase limits, the Head of Contracting Office shall issue a new Delegation of Procurement Authority. Changes that would raise the cardholder’s single purchase limit above the micro-purchase threshold require the cardholder to meet all training and certification requirements outlined in paragraph 2.1.1.2.

2.5.5 Other Changes to Accounts
Requests for merchant category code changes shall be submitted in writing by the approving official to the agency program coordinator. If approved, the servicing bank will process the merchant category code change.

2.5.6 Virtual Payment Card Accounts
Requests for virtual payment cards for use as a method of payment for contractual instruments containing FAR clause 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party, shall be submitted in writing to the agency program coordinator. Upon HCO approval, a virtual payment card account will be created for a specific vendor under the cardholder’s profile. The cardholder shall: provide the virtual payment card number to the vendor, and use the servicing bank’s electronic access system for payment, reconciliation and account reallocation.
2.5.7 Declining Balance Card Accounts
Requests for declining balance card use shall be submitted in writing to the agency program coordinator by the approving official. Upon HCO approval, a declining balance card account will be created for a specific project or contract under the cardholder’s profile. The cardholder shall: provide the declining balance card number to the vendor, use the servicing bank’s electronic access system for payment, reconciliation and account reallocation.

2.6 Inactive Accounts
Accounts without any transactions within the preceding 18 month period are considered “inactive”. Inactive accounts shall be canceled unless there are extenuating circumstances, such as a reasonable expectation of future purchase requirements, or a history of requirements that have irregular buying patterns. Agency program coordinators shall perform semi-annual reviews of purchase card usage within their organizations and identify purchase card accounts that appear to be inactive, other than cards specifically requested for emergency use. Agency program coordinators shall provide the list of inactive accounts to approving officials and request justification to retain the accounts. Failure to provide the required justification will result in cancellation of the inactive accounts. A sample Inactive Account Memorandum is provided in Appendix E.

2.7 Emergency Use Cards
Operating Units may request purchase cards for emergency use without the need to use the cards on a recurring basis. Employees eligible to receive an emergency use card are those who have been designated as “emergency employees” or “mission-critical emergency employees” under an emergency response plan or continuity of operations plan. Requests for emergency use cards must contain an appropriate justification, citing the anticipated circumstances under which they would be used. These cards may be issued in advance of an emergency and placed with trained cardholders for use immediately upon declaration of an emergency. Cardholders with non-emergency cards may continue to use their cards during an emergency to purchase products and services in accordance with the limits on their cards.

2.8 Deactivation, Suspension, Termination and Reinstatement
2.8.1 Account Deactivation
Agency program coordinators shall use account deactivation as a risk-management tool to combat suspected card misuse. Approving officials may request account deactivation for cardholders who are expected to be away from the office for more than six consecutive weeks.

2.8.2 Account Suspension
Approving officials and cardholders shall reconcile their accounts promptly after the billing date. The agency program coordinator may suspend a cardholder’s account for improper card use or failure to adequately perform cardholder duties. Before taking this action, the agency program coordinator shall consider the impact of cardholder’s account suspension on the affected organization and take appropriate steps to minimize any adverse impact.

2.8.3 Account Termination
Agency Program Coordinators shall terminate accounts of cardholders and approving officials that transfer, retire, or separate from the organization. In addition, cardholder
and approving official accounts shall be terminated for improper card use; failure to carry out responsibilities; failure to complete the required refresher training; or upon direction by management. After termination of a cardholder’s account, the Head of Contracting Office shall revoke the cardholder’s purchase card delegation of procurement authority. Upon termination, the cardholder is responsible for destroying the card by cutting it in half and providing the cut card to the agency program coordinator.

The servicing bank may initiate termination of accounts that have been suspended twice within the preceding 12 month period and are 120 days past due.

2.8.4 Reinstatement
Agency program coordinators may reinstate cardholder and approving official accounts that have been deactivated, suspended, or terminated, based upon an assessment of the circumstances. Prior to reinstatement of accounts that have been deactivated, suspended, or terminated for more than 12 months cardholders and approving officials shall retake required training for purchases up to the micro-purchase threshold.

2.9 Card and Account Security
Cardholders shall take appropriate precautions to protect the purchase card and account information. Cardholders are responsible for preventing others from gaining access to their cards or account information. Account information should be given only to vendors to complete a purchase transaction. Purchase cards and account information shall be kept in a secure environment to prevent access by unauthorized personnel. Cardholders shall not carry purchase cards on their person unless conducting an “over the counter” transaction. Cardholders may be held personally responsible for card and account misuse. The Head of Contracting Office may grant exceptions to cardholders whose positions require them to carry the purchase card on a continuous basis.

Cardholders shall exercise discretion in selecting reputable merchants in order to minimize the possibility of fraud. Prior to entering the purchase card number onto an internet website, the cardholder should ensure that the site is secure. Cardholders shall not transmit credit card information over a facsimile machine. Cardholders shall not permit a copy of their purchase card to be maintained by merchant.

2.10 Lost or Stolen Cards
The cardholder shall report lost or stolen cards promptly to the servicing bank’s customer service office, the approving official and the agency program coordinator. Stolen cards shall be immediately reported to the DOC Office of Security if the theft occurred at a DOC facility or to the local police department if the theft occurred off-site. A replacement card with a new account number will be issued, usually within 24 hours. If a lost card is found after receiving a replacement card, it shall be destroyed. The cardholder may be held accountable for failure to report the loss of a card.

Cardholders shall provide a written notice to the servicing bank that includes the following information:

- Card number
- Cardholder’s complete name
- Date and location of the loss
- Date reported to police (if stolen)
- Date and time the loss was reported to the servicing bank
- List of any transactions made on the date the card was lost or stolen
- Any other relevant information describing the loss or theft.

### 2.11 Unauthorized Use and Penalties

When using the purchase card, cardholders shall comply with all Federal, Departmental and Operating Unit laws, regulations, policies and guidance. Intentional use of the purchase card for other than official Government business will be considered an attempt to commit fraud against the U.S. Government and will result in immediate cancellation of the purchase card. The cardholder will be subject to disciplinary action under applicable Department Administrative Order (DAO) 202-751, and Government-wide administrative procedures, including suspension and termination of employment. An employee may be personally liable to the Government for the amount of any unauthorized transaction and may be subject to a fine of not more than $10,000 or imprisonment for not more than five years, or both, under 18 U.S.C 287.

In cases of suspected fraud, the agency program coordinator, with Head of Contracting Office approval, shall refer incidents to the DOC Office of Inspector General Office or Department of Justice for investigation, the Senior Procurement Executive and the Purchase Card Policy Manager.

**END OF SECTION 2**
SECTION 3 – Purchase Card Use

3.1 Purchases at or Below the Micro-Purchase Threshold
The purchase card may be used by cardholders to make purchases that are otherwise authorized by Federal, and Departmental and Operating Unit laws, regulation, policy or guidance. Cardholders shall not transfer or authorize their purchase card to be used by any person other than the cardholder. Cardholders shall comply with the following guidelines when making micro-purchases:

- Ensure purchases are allowable
- Ensure availability of funds
- Obtain required approvals
- Distribute purchases equitably among qualified suppliers
- Use Required Sources of Supplies and Services
- Determine price reasonableness
- Do not split requirements
- Do not exceed spending limits
- Comply with requirements for Energy and Water Efficiency and Renewable Energy
- Comply with requirements for use of Recovered Materials and Bio-based Products
- Comply with requirements for Contracting for Environmentally Preferable Products and Services
- Comply with Section 508 requirements

3.2 Purchases Above the Micro-Purchase Threshold
In accordance with FAR, Subpart 13.301, the Government-wide commercial purchase card may be used above the micro-purchase threshold, by contracting officers, to place a task or delivery order (if authorized in the basic contract, basic ordering agreements, or blanket purchasing agreements, and Federal Supply Schedules); or make payments, when the contractor agrees to accept payment by the purchase card. Cardholders with delegated authority to use the purchase card above the micro-purchase threshold shall comply with all requirements of Federal and Departmental acquisition laws, regulations, policies and guidance with respect to any purchase that exceeds the micro-purchase threshold. The cardholder shall adhere to the requirements for competition, public notice, socioeconomic requirements, use of appropriate provisions and clauses, and all other applicable requirements.

3.2.1 Payment By Purchase Card
When it is contemplated that the Government commercial purchase card will be use as the method of payment, and the contract or order is above the micro-purchase threshold, contracting officers are required to verify (by looking into the Central Contractor Registration (CCR)) whether the contractor has any delinquent debt subject to collection under the Treasury Offset Program (TOP) at contract award and order placement. Information on TOP is available at http://fms.treas.gov/debt/index.html.

The contracting officer shall not authorize the Government commercial purchase card as a method of payment during any period the CCR indicates that the contractor has delinquent debt subject to collection under TOP.
3.3 Allowable Purchases
The purchase card may be used to purchase commercially available supplies and services, including, but not limited to the items outlined in paragraphs 3.3.1 through 3.3.8 below.

3.3.1 Subscriptions
The purchase card may be used for subscriptions such as magazines, journals, and technical data. Cardholders shall ensure that a subscription does not automatically renew after the card expiration date. The cardholder is responsible for notifying the vendor to discontinue charging an expired card. Cardholders should notify the approving official and agency program coordinator of ongoing subscriptions when leaving or transferring so that the subscription may be cancelled or transferred to another account as appropriate.

3.3.2 Telecommunications Charges
The purchase card may be used for monthly cellular airtime, monthly pager service and other recurring telecommunications charges, as long as the fiscal year total for each type of service does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold for services purchased on the open market. If the aggregate amount exceeds the micro-purchase threshold in a fiscal year this service shall be referred to the servicing acquisition office for issuance of a contract.

3.3.3 Construction Services
The purchase of construction services including, building alterations, maintenance, painting, and installation of carpet, not to exceed $2,000 aggregated.

3.3.4 Training Courses
Training courses for individual or group training. In accordance with DOC Human Resource Bulletin #076, all cardholders shall have an approved Standard Form 182 Authorization, Agreement and Certification of Training prior to purchasing training. Customized training programs shall not be acquired using the purchase card.

3.3.5 Business Cards
The purchase of business cards through the mandatory Federal Supply Schedule contract.

3.3.6 Conference-Related Expenses
Use of the purchase card to obtain short term conference/meeting space for official business is permitted. The purchase of conference-related expenses such as registration fees, conference rooms, audio and video equipment and meeting spaces, purchase or rental of booth space and promotional conference trade show materials are authorized using the purchase card.

3.3.7 Parking of Government Owned or Government Leased Vehicles
The purchase card may be used to purchase commercially available parking spaces for Government Owned and GSA Leased vehicles. Payment for monthly parking spaces is authorized if the amount does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold. If the monthly amount exceeds the micro-purchase threshold the requiring activity shall be referred to the servicing acquisition office for issuance of a contract.
3.3.8 Purchase Card Use for Local Travel on Official Business

Use of the purchase card to acquire subway tokens (farecards, SmarTrip card reloads, etc.), taxi fares, rental shuttles, cars, vans, and buses for use by employees to accomplish local travel on official business is permitted. Use of the purchase card for other than official business is prohibited and could result in the cardholder facing disciplinary and criminal penalties.

3.4 Required Sources of Supplies and Services

Cardholders shall follow the required source of supplies and services of Federal Acquisition Regulations Part 8. FAR Part 8 sets forth statutory requirements to acquire supplies and services from priority sources when available. Other sources should be considered for use only after the priority sources have been considered for fulfilling requirements. Cardholders should contact their acquisition office if they need assistance in determining if their requirement can be satisfied by a required source.

Cardholders shall satisfy requirements for supplies and services from the sources outlined in paragraphs 3.4.1 and 3.4.2, in descending order of priority, except as otherwise provided by law.

3.4.1 Purchase of Supplies

Cardholders shall satisfy requirements for supplies from the following sources, in descending order of priority, except as otherwise provided by law.

- Agency inventories (e.g., excess property)
- Excess property from other agencies
- Federal Prison Industries, Inc. (preferred source of supply)
- Supplies which are on the Procurement List maintained by the Committee for Purchase from People Who are Blind or Severely Disabled
- Wholesale supply sources such as stock programs of GSA, the Defense Logistics Agency or the Department of Veterans Affairs
- Mandatory Federal Supply Schedules
- Optional use Federal Supply Schedules
- Commercial sources (including educational and nonprofit institutions)

3.4.2 Purchase of Services

Cardholders shall satisfy requirements for services from the following sources, in descending order of priority, except as otherwise provided by law.

- Services which are on the Procurement List maintained by the Committee for Purchase from People Who are Blind or Severely Disabled
- Mandatory Federal Supply Schedules
- Optional use Federal Supply Schedules

3.5 Green Procurement Program Requirements

Cardholders shall purchase green products and services to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the requirements of Federal Acquisition Regulation Part 23 and Commerce Acquisition Manual 1323.70, and Federal green procurement preference programs. Programs covered under the Green Procurement Program include:
• Recovered Materials Products;
• Biobased Products;
• Energy Efficient Products;
• Electronic Product Environmental Assessment Tool Products;
• Water Efficient Products;
• Non-Ozone Depleting Products; and
• Environmentally-Preferable Products and Services.

3.6 **Section 508 Rehabilitation Act Requirements**
Cardholders shall comply with the Section 508 Rehabilitation Act requirements by ensuring that requirement officials provide the required determinations and adequately documenting purchase card files. A sample Electronic and Information Technology Procurement Checklist for Section 508 compliance is provided in Appendix F. Approving officials should ensure cardholder compliance when reviewing and approving cardholder documentation of purchases. For additional assistance on Section 508, please contact your accessibility coordinator.

3.7 **International Transactions**
3.7.1 **Gratuities**
Gratuities are limited to those foreign countries where the exchange of items is customary and to those instances where it is necessary for the promotion or advancement of the agency’s mission. The expense may be incurred in the foreign country or the area of assignment.

3.7.2 **Trade Events**
The purchase of or payment of overseas trade event and hospitality-related expenses such as registration fees, conference rooms, audio and video equipment and meeting spaces, paid advertisements in newspapers or other publications are authorized.

3.7.3 **Authorized Fees and Rate of Exchange**
When using the purchase card outside the United States, the charge is converted to U.S. dollars. The international MasterCard and Visa networks charge one percent for the exchange process, and bills the servicing bank for that amount. The servicing bank tacks on an additional surcharge of its own and bills the cardholder. When purchase card is used to get local currency at an ATM outside the U.S., the international networks immediately calculate the exchange and debit the account in dollars.

3.7.4 **Overseas Financial Institution Banking Services**
A special virtual payment card is required when using overseas financial institution banking services to pay local vendors who do not accept the purchase card or convenience checks. The APC shall contact the serving bank and request a special virtual payment card account be set up to avoid exceeding the servicing bank’s cash advance limits and internal control policy.

3.8 **Card Restrictions**
3.8.1 **GSA Government-wide Restrictions**

In accordance with the GSA SmartPay® Program, the purchase card shall not be used for the following:
- Long-term rental or lease of land or buildings. (long-term is generally defined as one year or more);
- Travel or travel-related expenses; (excluding conference rooms, meeting spaces, and local transportation services such as Metro Farecards, subway tokens, etc.); and
- Cash advances.

3.8.2 Departmental Restrictions
Department of Commerce regulations or policies prohibit the purchase of supplies or services that should be placed on a travel card or fleet card, including the purchase of gas or oil for Department-owned vehicles and repair of Department or leased vehicles, with the purchase card.

3.8.3 Federal Appropriations Law Restrictions
In accordance with principles of Federal Appropriations Law, the following items are generally prohibited from purchase with appropriated funds. As there may be authorized exceptions for certain items, cardholders shall obtain approval from the HCO after legal review and document the exception prior to purchase of any of the following items.

- **Entertainment**: Entertainment includes, but is not limited to, food and drink, receptions, banquets, music and artistic performances.

- **Water**: The General Accounting Office (GAO) has held that in a variety of cases under the “necessary expense rule” appropriated funds should not be used to pay for subsistence or to provide “free food” to government employees while at their duty stations. As such bottled water is considered personal expense.

- **Fines and Penalties**: Fines and penalties include, but are not limited to parking tickets and personal fines.

- **Gifts and Awards**

- **Personal Expenses and Furnishings**: Personal expenses and furnishings include, but are not limited to: convenience items, decorative items, wearing apparel, commuting expenses, personal membership fees, and personal qualification expenses.

3.8.4 Approvals Required Prior to Purchase
The items outlined in Figure 3-1 require pre-approvals prior to purchase. The cardholder shall ensure that required approvals are received and copies of required documentation maintained in the purchase card file.

**Figure 3-1 Item Requiring Pre-approvals**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purchase Requirement</th>
<th>Approval Required from</th>
<th>Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paid Advertisements in newspapers (other than for recruitment of personnel)</td>
<td>Head of Contracting Office</td>
<td>DAO 208-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing and Duplicating (exceeding the capacity of an office printer or copy machine)</td>
<td>Operating Unit (OU) Printing Coordinator (for Census, NIST, NOAA, PTO and NTIS).</td>
<td>FAR 8.802(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase Requirement</td>
<td>Approval Required from</td>
<td>Reference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(includes printing, binding, blank work, composition, plate making, presswork, binding and micrographics as well as related supplies that are used and equipment that is usable in printing and binding operations)</td>
<td>All others, contact DOC Office of Administrative Operations</td>
<td>Government channels. Refer to Printing Coordinator for specific information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exception:</strong> Operating Units outside of the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, not serviced by an OU Printing Facility, may utilize their Regional Government Printing Office (GPO) without consulting with their operating unit Printing Coordinator. These OUs must utilize their Regional GPO or request a waiver from their regional GPO office, prior to utilizing an open-market source</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPO Express</td>
<td>Operating Unit Printing Coordinator (for Census, NIST, NOAA, PTO and NTIS)</td>
<td>GPO Circular Letter 625, dated September 22, 2006.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Government Printing Office (GPO) has awarded a contract (950-S) to FedEx Kinko'sSM Office and Print Services that allows all U.S. Federal agencies direct access to services at FedEx Kinko'sSM locations nationwide</td>
<td>All others, contact DOC Office of Administrative Operations</td>
<td>This circular letter allows GPO to bill government credit cards for use in conjunction with the GPOExpressSM Program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publication of scientific/research articles in professional journals</td>
<td>Operating Unit Printing Coordinator (for Census, NIST, NOAA, PTO and NTIS).</td>
<td>Per the Office of Administrative Operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All others, contact DOC Office of Administrative Operations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kitchen Appliances (e.g. coffee pot, refrigerator, microwaves etc.)</td>
<td>Operating Unit building management official.</td>
<td>GAO Decision B-302993, Use of Appropriated Funds to Purchase Kitchen appliances, June 24, 2004.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.9 Card Decline

If the purchase card is rejected, cardholders shall contact the servicing bank’s customer service office or the agency program coordinator for assistance. The servicing bank’s customer service phone number is located on the back of the card. APC’s shall monitor card decline reports for questionable, suspected fraudulent activity.

### 3.10 Receipt and Acceptance of Supplies and Services

Operating Units shall establish independent receipt and acceptance or subsequent review of items obtained with a purchase card. Cardholders shall arrange for immediate inspection of supplies to ensure orders are complete and items are in acceptable condition. Cardholders shall maintain delivery receipts and other paperwork regarding the transaction.
3.10.1 Partial Deliveries
If partial deliveries are received, cardholders shall contact the merchant to determine the status on the remainder of the shipment. If delivery of remaining supplies will take more than 30 days, cardholders shall request a credit to their account. If the partial delivery becomes a dispute, the cardholder shall follow the servicing bank’s dispute procedures.

3.10.2 Damaged or Unacceptable Supplies
Cardholders shall promptly return any damaged or unacceptable supplies. If the merchant agrees to replace the item and the new item is acceptable, the cardholder should authorize payment in accordance with normal procedures. If the merchant refuses to replace the item, the cardholder should follow dispute procedures.

3.10.3 Returning Supplies to Merchant
Cardholders shall return damaged or unacceptable merchandise and have the merchant issue an electronic credit to the purchase card. Cash refunds shall not be accepted. If the merchant is unwilling to issue a credit, cardholders shall follow the servicing bank’s dispute procedures.

3.11 Reporting Accountable Property
When purchasing accountable personal property totaling $5,000 or more (e.g., lab equipment, scientific equipment, etc.), or "sensitive" items regardless of cost (e.g., computer equipment, VCRs, televisions, etc.) as referred to in the "Personal Property Management Manual" or other agency manual, cardholders shall forward a Form CD-509, "Property Transaction Request" (or approved operating unit automated format) to the servicing property office. A copy of the CD-509 must be included in the transaction file.

3.12 Recordkeeping and Documentation
3.12.1 Purchase Card Ordering Log
Cardholders shall utilize the web-based Purchase Card Ordering Log located inside the servicing bank tool to record transactions made at the time of purchase. A printed copy of the ordering log must be included in the monthly reconciliation file. The Purchase Card Ordering Log automatically reconciles to the cardholder’s monthly statement.

3.12.2 Transaction File Documentation
The cardholder shall maintain a file for each purchase card transaction. Transaction files shall be accessible for review purposes and shall include, at a minimum:

- Request for purchase with available funds, signed and dated by the requestor;
- Required pre-approvals;
- Copy of online transaction, cash register receipt, itemized receipt, or faxed verification of order;
- Delivery receipt or packing slip;
- Copy of CD-509, if accountable property; and
- Memorandum to the file to explain any unique circumstances for the transaction.

3.12.3 Third Party Transactions
The use of third party transactions is discouraged with the purchase card because there is a greater risk of abuse, issues involving disputed transactions, and difficulty identifying
and reconciling transactions. Third party credit card processors shall only be used when no other merchants can supply the product or service or meet delivery, quantity, or quality requirements, and the merchant in question will accept payment only through the third-party processor; or the cardholder used the card to purchase from a merchant but was unaware that the merchant was using a third-party credit card processor.

If third party transactions are used, cardholders must document the purchase card file with the name of the merchant, the name of the third-party processor, the amount of the transaction, and a brief statement explaining why it was necessary to purchase the product or service from that merchant. It may be difficult to reconcile the purchases because the transaction may appear under the name of the third-party processor instead of the merchant name.

3.13 Statement of Account
Monthly statements are published online in the servicing bank’s electronic access system for purchases made in the previous 30-day billing cycle. Cardholders shall review all information for accuracy. If the servicing bank bills a transaction incorrectly, the cardholder should provide an explanation on the "Statement of Account" and process the dispute online in the servicing bank's electronic access system. The Purchase Card Ordering Log automatically reconciles to the cardholder’s monthly statement. Cardholders shall use the servicing bank’s Purchase Card Ordering Log and Statement of Account reports. Cardholders and approving officials must ensure that the Statements of Account are promptly reconciled monthly. The APC shall monitor reconciliation reports in the servicing bank electronic access systems.

3.14 Reconciliation of Account
3.14.1 Cardholder Responsibilities
Cardholders shall compare each transaction listed on the Purchase Card Ordering Log with the itemized statement. Cardholders shall research transactions that are recorded on the Monthly Purchase Card Ordering Log but fail to appear on the purchase card Statement of Account. The cardholder shall ensure that appropriate accounting codes are assigned to each transaction, certify the Statement of Account by signing and dating it; ensure all transaction files, Purchase Card Ordering Log and the Statement of Account are in the reconciliation files, and forward the reconciliation file to the approving official immediately upon completion.

The reconciliation files shall include:
- Servicing bank’s Purchase Card Ordering Log;
- Servicing bank’s Statement of Account, signed and dated by cardholder;
- Printed copy of reconciliation; and
- Monthly transaction files.

If a cardholder knows in advance that they will be absent for the entire reconciliation period and not able to reconcile the Statement of Account, the cardholder shall forward the transaction files to the approving official. The approving official shall reconcile and sign a copy of the statement for the reconciliation file. Failure of the approving official to reconcile an absent cardholder’s account may cause all cardholder accounts under their purview to be suspended by the agency program coordinator.
3.14.2 Approving Official Responsibilities
Approving officials shall ensure cardholders reconcile all transactions on the Monthly Purchase Card Ordering Log with the Statement of Account; review cardholder statements and verify that all items are necessary Government purchases and comply with all applicable laws, regulations, policies and guidance; ensure cardholder has completed and submitted the Property Transaction Request to the appropriate property office; resolve any outstanding questions, verify, approve, and sign cardholder Statements of Account; and retain cardholder files for 3 years from final payment.

3.14.3 Disputed Transactions
Cardholders shall process disputes or questioned transactions using the servicing bank’s online disputes process. Operating Units serviced by the Commerce Purchase Card System must also process disputes in CPCS. If, after receipt of requested copies of the sales slip, the cardholder still does not recognize the charge, the cardholder shall contact the agency program coordinator for assistance. The cardholder shall follow up on incorrectly billed items immediately with the merchant, as there is a 90-day time limit on reconciling disputed items.

3.15 Personal Liabilities
Cardholders and approving officials shall ensure that purchases made with the purchase card are in accordance with all Federal, Departmental and Operating Unit acquisition laws, regulations, policies and guidance. Cardholders and approving officials may be held personally liable for any action deemed by the reviewing official as noncompliant with acquisition policies and regulations. In addition, if it is determined the transactions are made with the intent to commit fraud or constitute waste or abuse, the cardholder and approving official may face disciplinary actions. Agency program coordinators are required to report any suspected fraud, waste or abuse to the Office of Inspector General.

3.16 FastPay Procedures
The Office of Financial Management (OFM) has authorized the use of FastPay for the payment of charge card accounts. Servicing finance offices may pay the invoices prior to receipt of the Statements of Account in order to maximize rebates. Regardless of whether the cardholder’s operating unit has instituted FastPay procedures, the cardholder and Approving Official must reconcile their accounts.

END OF SECTION 3
SECTION 4 – Convenience Checks

4.1 Policy
Convenience checks issued under the Purchase Card Program are subject to all regulations and restrictions of the purchase card. The training, nomination, account setup and delegation procedures for the purchase card apply to convenience checks. Convenience check writers shall use the servicing bank’s electronic access system online ordering log, statements and reports.

Convenience checks are not electronic funds transfer compliant, are subject to a cash advance fee, and have a greater potential for fraud and abuse. Therefore, the use of convenience checks shall be minimized and should only be issued on a case-by-case basis. Heads of Contracting Offices shall encourage the use of alternatives to the convenience checks as well as other services provided by the servicing bank.

Convenience checks are intended only for use with merchants that do not accept purchase cards, for emergency incident response, and for other Agency approved purposes that comply with Public Law 104-134, the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996. Convenience checks should be used as a payment method of last resort, only when no reasonable alternative merchant is available who accepts the purchase card. Convenience checks shall not be issued to merchants that accept the Government Purchase Card.

4.2 Convenience Check Restrictions
Convenience checks shall not be used by individuals to write checks to themselves, or to any other individual or vendor for any of the following:

- vendors who accept the purchase card,
- cash advance or re-imbursement purposes;
- salary payment or cash awards, or any transaction required to be processed through the payroll system;
- employee reimbursements;
- travel-related tickets or expenditures, including meals, lodging and rental or lease of vehicles;
- advance payments to vendors;
- hazardous materials;
- honorarium fee to a non-U.S. citizen or permanent resident alien not authorized to receive this payment in accordance with the terms and conditions of their visa;
- On-the-Spot awards; or
- incentive awards to contractors or contract employees.

4.3 Exceptions to Convenience Check Restrictions
Convenience Checks may be issued for travel-related tickets or expenditures, including meals, lodging, and rental or lease of vehicles for foreign invitational travelers and foreign guest speakers.

4.4 Utilizing Convenience Checks
Convenience checks may only be written for the exact amount of the purchase. Cardholder’s Purchase Card Log must include, at a minimum, check number, merchant name, merchant’s Tax Identification Number, merchant address, items purchased, total
dollar amount and reason why a convenience check was used. Purchase Card Log information may be stored electronically in the servicing bank’s electronic access system. Cardholders shall maintain a log of the checks issued to them and perform an inventory monthly to ensure that no checks are missing. Missing checks shall be reported immediately to the servicing bank. Cardholders shall update the servicing bank’s electronic access system accordingly.

4.5 Oversight Review of Convenience Checks
Agency program coordinators shall conduct a 100% review of all convenience check transactions utilizing the servicing bank’s data mining tool. The servicing bank’s automated rules based data mining system provides electronic monitoring, email notification, and online review and documentation of questionable convenience check transaction details on a daily basis. Agency program coordinators shall monitor and review online reports and match questionable transactions to authorization documentation.

APCs shall monitor the number of checks issued to merchants on a fiscal year basis to identify merchants with five or more convenience check transactions and make referral to the servicing bank for possible charge card acceptance. APCs shall continuously monitor convenience checks using the following automated online statistical reports and dashboard metrics:

- Total number of individuals authorized to write convenience checks;
- Total number of convenience checks written;
- Number of checks written over the micro-purchase threshold;
- Number of checks written under the micro-purchase threshold;
- Number of checks written to the same merchant;
- Ratio of check writers to approving officials;
- Number of cash advances or convenience checks written to “Cash”; and
- Number of checks written for foreign invitational travel and guest speakers.

4.6 Imprest Fund Replacement Convenience Checking Accounts
Agency program coordinators are responsible for convenience check issuances and oversight, including Imprest Fund Replacement Convenience Checking Accounts. APCs shall ensure that all convenience check writers meet the training requirements as specified in this policy and maintain Delegation of Procurement Authority and certificates of training.

END OF SECTION 4
SECTION 5 – Program Oversight and Surveillance

5.1 Management Controls
The purchase card program includes a variety of management controls designed to minimize purchase card misuse. Agency program coordinators shall ensure that management controls under their purview are followed and appropriately used to reduce potential card misuse and abuse.

5.2 Risk Management
The Office of Acquisition Management has established the purchase card risk management team to provide program expertise and support to help minimize risk of the purchase card program. The DOC Purchase Card Policy Manager shall serve as chairperson of the risk management team. The team shall be comprised of an agency program coordinator representative from each contracting office. The risk management team shall meet at least quarterly to discuss recommended improvements to the program.

Agency program coordinators shall take actions to reduce the risk of card fraud, waste, abuse, and misuse. The agency program coordinator can minimize risk, by ensuring that Federal, Departmental and Operating Unit purchase card policies, laws, regulations, and procedures are followed, and that program effectiveness is monitored on a regular basis. Appendix G identifies typical purchase card factors that may result in elevated risk, along with recommended risk reduction methods. Agency program coordinators should regularly assess their card program to identify additional areas of risk and develop adequate risk reduction methods.

5.3 Reviews, Surveillance and Reporting
Purchase card data and statistics are important tools for managing the program and monitoring performance. The servicing bank’s automated rules based data mining system provides the capability to electronically monitor and review cardholder transaction details on a daily basis. APCs shall use the data mining tool to ensure and to maintain the highest level of oversight visibility over the Department’s purchase card program. The servicing bank provides a variety of reports to assist agency program coordinators with managing their program. Appendix H provides a list of standard card management reports available in the servicing bank’s system. Agency program coordinators shall continuously monitor their programs using the following metrics:

Purchase Card Statistical Reporting Metrics:
- Number of cards;
- Number of cards that are for emergency use only;
- Number of active accounts;
- Number of accounts with convenience checks;
- Percentage of employees that are cardholders;
- Net number of new accounts (new less cancelled);
- Charge card dollars spent; total refunds earned; percentage of potential refunds earned;
- Number of cases reported to the agency Office of Inspector General for possible card misuse and/or abuse;
- Number of administrative and/or disciplinary actions taken for card misuse;
- Number of approving officials;
- Ratio of approving officials to purchase cardholders (span of control);
- Average number of monthly purchase card transactions reviewed per approving official;
- Number of cardholders with authority up to the micro-purchase threshold;
- Number of cardholders with authority over the micro-purchase threshold;
- Number and dollar amount of purchases up to the micro-purchase threshold;
- Number and dollar amount of purchases over the micro-purchase threshold;
- Number of inactive accounts;
- Number of inactive accounts cancelled;
- Number of inactive accounts requiring a justification to maintain;

Convenience Checks Statistical Reporting Metrics:
- Total number of individuals authorized to write convenience checks;
- Total number of convenience checks written;
- Number of checks written over the micro-purchase threshold;
- Number of checks written under the micro-purchase threshold;
- Number of checks written to the same merchant;
- Ratio of check writers to approving officials;
- Number of cash advances or convenience checks written to “Cash”; and
- Number of checks written for foreign invitational travel and guest speakers.

### 5.3.1 Data Mining
Generally, data mining (sometimes called data or knowledge discovery) is the process of analyzing data from different perspectives, and categorizing, and summarizing the relationships into useful management informational reports and graphical displays. APCs shall use the servicing bank’s automated data mining tool to analyze and electronically monitor daily transactional data to present potentially relevant results to decision makers. The automated data mining tool serves an essential internal control program function. It improves surveillance by highlighting selected transactions for APC review. The APC shall use the servicing bank’s online case management tool and workflow steps to document the alert or to report the action to the OIG.

#### Figure 5-2 Automated Review, Surveillance, Reporting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Advantage</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data Mining</td>
<td>Identifies suspicious transactions or patterns in the data, based on predefined rules.</td>
<td>Serves as a good compliance technique by directly targeting suspicious transactions; Screens and identify suspicious transactions faster than a manual review of the data.</td>
<td>Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistical Sampling</td>
<td>Statistical sampling involves selecting a random sample from the transactions occurring during the review period and analyzing those transactions for compliance.</td>
<td>Can be applied to individual cardholders, AOs, or to the entire organization. Minimizes possible bias in the sample selection process.</td>
<td>Quarterly</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Agency program coordinators shall continuously monitor their programs using automated data mining and statistical sampling reports in the servicing bank’s system.
5.3.2 Merchant Category Code Surveillance
The data mining tool monitors, on a real-time basis, questionable or unauthorized merchant category codes for potential fraud, waste, abuse and misuse, split disbursements, and purchase card policy compliance. The APC shall use the servicing bank’s online case management tool and workflow steps to document the alert or to report the action to the OIG.

Figure 5-3 Automated Surveillance of Merchant Category Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MCC</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>MCC</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3000-3299</td>
<td>Airlines</td>
<td>5964</td>
<td>Direct Marketing - Catalog Merchants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Includes Victoria Secret/Chadwick's of Boston/Lilian Vernon)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3351-3441</td>
<td>Car Rentals</td>
<td>5967</td>
<td>Direct Marketing - On Line Dating Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3501-3780</td>
<td>Hotels</td>
<td>5972</td>
<td>Stamp and Coin Stores</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4111</td>
<td>Steamship and Cruise Lines</td>
<td>5977</td>
<td>Cosmetic Stores</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4722</td>
<td>Travel Agencies/Tour Operations</td>
<td>6211</td>
<td>Security Brokers/Dealers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4829</td>
<td>Wire Transfer/Money Orders</td>
<td>7011</td>
<td>Hotels/Motels/Resorts (Not Elsewhere Classified)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5541</td>
<td>Service Stations</td>
<td>7210-7299</td>
<td>Personal Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5561</td>
<td>Men's and Boy's Clothing &amp; Accessory Stores</td>
<td>7338</td>
<td>Quick Copy, Repro, Blueprint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5621</td>
<td>Women's Ready to Wear Stores</td>
<td>7829-7929</td>
<td>Video Tape Rental Stores/Theatrical Ticket Agencies/Bands/Orchestras</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5631</td>
<td>Women's Accessory and Specialty Stores</td>
<td>7932-7999</td>
<td>Recreational Establishments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5641</td>
<td>Children's and Infant's Wear Stores</td>
<td>8011-8099</td>
<td>Doctors/Dentists/Hospitals/Nursing/Chiropractors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5651</td>
<td>Family Clothing Store</td>
<td>8111</td>
<td>Legal Services/Attorneys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5681</td>
<td>Furnishers and Fur Shops</td>
<td>8351</td>
<td>Child Care Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5719</td>
<td>Miscellaneous Home Furnishings</td>
<td>8398</td>
<td>Charitable Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5811-5814</td>
<td>Restaurants/Bars/Caterers/Fast Food</td>
<td>8651</td>
<td>Political Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5921</td>
<td>Package Liquor Stores</td>
<td>8661</td>
<td>Religious Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5931</td>
<td>Used Merchandise/Secondhand Stores</td>
<td>8699</td>
<td>Membership Organizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5932</td>
<td>Antique Shops</td>
<td>8999</td>
<td>Professional Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5933</td>
<td>Pawn Shops</td>
<td>9211</td>
<td>Court Costs (Includes Alimony &amp; Child Support)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5944</td>
<td>Jewelry Stores</td>
<td>9222</td>
<td>Fines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9223</td>
<td>Bail and Bond Payments</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.4 Fraud Waste and Abuse
5.4.1 General
Employees are required to report all instances of suspected fraud, waste or abuse. Intentional or unintentional violations of the policies and procedures for purchase card or convenience check usage is considered misuse. Fraud is a criminal form of misuse involving willful deceit, misrepresentation of facts, or other practice designed to harm or deprive another of his or her rights, usually involving deception for personal gain. The distinction between misuse and fraud is dependent upon the facts of each case.
All participants in the purchase card program are responsible for preventing fraud and the conditions that lead to fraud. Fraud often occurs when two or more individuals collude to circumvent the management controls in place to prevent fraudulent practices. Collusion may occur between merchants and cardholders, cardholders and approving officials, or between purchase card program participants and other employees.

5.4.2 Indicators of Fraud and Misuse
Suspected purchase card misuse and fraud often have the same or similar indicators. A determination of whether the misuse is fraudulent may only be possible after a thorough investigation. Therefore, all suspected cases must be reported. Agency program coordinators shall review bank purchase card data and reports on a regular basis to identify and investigate possible instances of fraud, waste, abuse, or misuse. The following are potential indicators of fraud:

- Repetitive purchases from the same merchant in situations where the cardholder should be rotating purchases among more than one merchant;
- Missing purchase documentation;
- Cardholders or approving officials who allow others to use the card;
- Failure to safeguard purchase cards, convenience checks, or account information;
- Lack of oversight and surveillance;
- Unauthorized purchases;
- Payments made for items that were never received;
- Split purchases made to avoid spending limits;
- Failure to account for nonexpendable or sensitive items per property management procedures;
- Approval of cardholder purchases by someone other than the approving official;
- Cardholders returning items to a merchant for a store credit instead of a credit to their purchase card account;
- Attempted purchases that exceed the cardholder’s limits;
- Purchases that have been declined by the card system; and
- Cash advances or convenience checks written to “Cash”;

5.4.3 Reporting Suspected Fraud or Abuse
Employees are responsible for reporting cases of suspected fraud or misuse of the purchase card or convenience checks. Employees who suspect a cardholder of misuse, fraud, or abuse must immediately notify the approving official and the agency program coordinator. Agency program coordinators, upon learning of suspected fraud or abuse, shall notify the Office of Inspector General, the Head of Contracting Office, the servicing bank, and DOC supervisory chain. Immediate actions shall be taken to ensure that all instances of suspected fraud or misuse are promptly reported and investigated.

APCs shall use the case management tool in the servicing bank’s electronic access system to report, and track suspected fraud, abuse, or misuse cases to ensure accurate Office of Management and Budget quarterly reporting. The OIG may use the case management tool when conducting purchase card audits and fraud investigations.

5.4.4 Potential Consequences for Purchase Card Misuse and Abuse
Violations of purchase card laws, regulations, policies and guidance may result in immediate cancellation of the card and disciplinary action against the cardholder, approving official, or both. The range of disciplinary actions, which may vary with the
severity of the infraction, will be applied in accordance with DOC employee relations, legal, and management guidelines.

Intentional misuse of the card will be considered an attempt to commit fraud against the U.S. Government, and in addition to the disciplinary actions, the individual may be subject to a fine of not more than $10,000, or imprisonment for not more than 5 years, or both under 18 U.S.C. 287.

Cardholders who intentionally misuse their cards may be held personally liable to the Government for the amount of any unauthorized transactions, plus interest and debt collection fees. Approving officials or others who collude with cardholders to misuse the card or to commit fraud, or who use their position or authority to cause misuse of the card, may also be subject to the disciplinary and criminal actions above.

Figure 5-1 below lists potential consequences and penalties for misuse or abuse of the purchase card. Agency program coordinators shall use the table as a guide for disciplinary measures, coordinating with the Office of Inspector General, Office of General Counsel, Office of Human Resources Management, and the employee’s management chain as appropriate.

### Figure 5-1 Consequences for Purchase Card Misuse and Abuse

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Infraction</th>
<th>Potential Consequences for Infraction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fraud, Waste, and Abuse</strong></td>
<td>• Card cancellation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intentional use of the purchase card for unauthorized purchases or the approval of unauthorized transactions</td>
<td>• Termination of employment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Fines and/or imprisonment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Salary offset to collect full cost of unauthorized purchases including administrative expenses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>False Statements</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>False statements on purchase card records by cardholders and AO’s</td>
<td>• Card cancellation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Reprimand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Personal Misuse</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unintentional use of the purchase card for unauthorized purchases</td>
<td>• Counseling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Cardholder payment to DOC required to cover full cost of unauthorized purchases and possible administrative expenses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Card Transfers</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer of purchase card to any person other than the cardholder</td>
<td>• Counseling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Card suspension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Card cancellation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Failure to Maintain Card Security</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failure to safeguard physical location of the card and card account information</td>
<td>• Counseling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Card suspension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Card cancellation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5.5 Refund Management

In accordance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-123 Appendix B, proper management of refunds is critical to ensuring that agencies maintain cost-effective charge card programs. In order to ensure that the Department is in the best position to maximize sales and productivity refunds it is important to ensure timely
payments and initiate internal controls to ensure that appropriate purchase card use is maximized.

Unless specific statutory authority exists allowing refunds to be used for other purposes, refunds must be returned to the appropriation or account from which they were expended, and can be used for any legitimate purchase by the appropriation or account to which they were returned, or as otherwise authorized by statute.

5.6 Strategic Sourcing
DOC is committed to improving acquisition performance through a continual effort to identify strategic opportunities and negotiate favorable Department-wide contracts. To achieve this objective, Heads of Contracting Offices and agency program coordinators shall review spend analyses reports on purchase card data to identify card spending patterns, determine actual and estimated savings, and identify candidates for potential strategic sourcing initiatives. APCs shall use the servicing bank data mining tools and strategic sourcing reports to identify strategic sourcing opportunities.

5.7 1099 Tax Reporting
The Internal Revenue Service requires that information be collected for reporting income to the IRS when a purchase card or convenience check is used for purchases. If a person is “engaged in a trade or business and, in the course of that trade or business, pays any person $600 or more of rent, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensation, remunerations, emoluments, or other fixed or determinable gains, profits and income during the calendar year, IRS Code Section 6041 generally requires them to file an information return with the IRS and to furnish an information statement to the payee.”

The IRS states that Agencies may rely on the merchant category code (MCC) in determining whether a transaction is subject to Form 1099 reporting. IRS Form 1099 MISC is used to collect that information. Designated Billing Offices/Finance Offices are responsible for processing Form 1099s. IRS Form 1099 reports are available in the servicing bank’s electronic access system.

Form 1099 reporting is restricted to services. Section 1.6041-3(c) of the Income Tax Regulations exempt purchases of “merchandise,” as well as “telegrams, telephone, freight, storage and similar charges” from these reporting requirements. See IRS Bulletin 2004-31, Section 2 for more information and a complete list of exceptions.

END OF SECTION 5
SECTION 6 –Program Review and Reporting

6.1 Annual and Quarterly Program Review and Report
Heads of Contracting Offices shall review the purchase card program under their purview following the close of each fiscal year to ensure that cardholders and approving officials are adhering to applicable requirements. APCs shall perform quarterly purchase card program reviews and publish summary results in the annual program report. The primary objectives of the quarterly review are to assess:

- Compliance with laws, regulations and the Department’s purchase card policy;
- Efficiency of operations; and
- Adequacy of internal or management controls to help prevent fraud, waste and abuse.

Heads of Contracting Offices shall follow procedures outlined in this manual to conduct their reviews. Although onsite visits are encouraged, the Head of Contracting Office shall use the servicing bank’s online oversight and data mining reports to perform a thorough review.

6.1.1 Conducting Annual and Quarterly Reviews
All quarterly reviews shall be summarized and published in the annual report. The Head of Contracting Office shall document their findings in a written report for inclusion in the Department of Commerce annual program report executive summary. The review must be performed on the previous fiscal year purchase card activity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
<th>Recipient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HCO Annual Report</td>
<td>November 30th</td>
<td>DOC Purchase Card Policy Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOC Annual Program Report</td>
<td>January 31st</td>
<td>Senior Procurement Executive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Standardized forms are available to facilitate the annual review process. The following forms are to be used for reviews in order to determine effectiveness of the program, ensure compliance and adequate oversight and detect cardholder misuse and fraud:

- Entrance/Exit Conference Annual Purchase Card Review Memo (Appendix I);
- Purchase Card Annual Review Checklist (Appendix J);
- Annual Purchase Card Program Review Summary (Appendix K);
- Purchase Card Management Review Report (Appendix L)

6.1.2 Entrance/Exit Conference Memorandum
The Entrance Conference Memorandum will be used to explain the audit objectives and methods used for the review to the program managers. The Exit Conference Memorandum will be used to discuss review findings (strengths, weaknesses and recommendations for improvement).

6.1.3 Purchase Card Annual Review Checklist
The Purchase Card Annual Review Checklist can be used in the initial review of Cardholder’s records to determine compliance with procurement buying policies, regulations and procedures. The agency program coordinator must complete one checklist for each individual cardholder reviewed in the random sample selected.
6.1.4 Purchase Card Review Summary of Findings
The purchase card annual review summary of findings can be used to summarize findings, including areas of non-compliance and recommendations for improvements, identified in the checklists, cardholder records or interviews with purchase card participants. Best practices and recommendations for improving the purchase card program are to be addressed at the end of the Summary of Findings Memorandum.

6.1.5 Certification of Completion of Purchase Card Annual Review
The certification of completion of purchase card annual review consists of a certification that must be dated and signed by the agency program coordinator and Head of Contracting Office upon completion of the annual review. The annual review package, including the certification of completion, must be retained by the Head of Contracting Office for a minimum of 3 years.

6.2 Steps in Review Process
The following steps are provided for your guidance in conducting the annual review:

- Statistical Sampling: APCs shall use the servicing bank’s electronic assess tool to generate the random sample of cardholder and approving official’s transactions. The default recommended error rate is 5% and the confidence level is 95%.

- Data Mining: Using the servicing bank’s electronic assess tool, screen and identify suspicious transactions, test for compliance with established purchase card policies, procedures and internal controls is mandatory.

- Entrance Conference: APC shall hold interviews with the program management to discuss the review objectives and methods to be used.

- Interviews: Interviews will be held with the approving official and cardholder to discuss how the purchase card program is working.

- Complete the Purchase Card Annual Review Checklist: The Purchase Card Annual Review Checklist documents the initial review of the approving official’s cardholder transactions and records to determine compliance with procurement buying policies, regulations and procedures.

- Exit Conference: Hold meeting with program management to discuss review findings and address strengths, weaknesses and recommendations for improvement.

- Complete Summary of Findings: After completing all Review Checklists and interviews, the agency program coordinator will complete the Summary of Findings for the Head of Contracting Office’s signature and issuance. The memorandum documents strengths, weaknesses and areas of non-compliance identified in the checklists. The Summary of Findings must summarize any areas of concern or problems found during any aspect of the review and discuss what steps shall be taken to correct them. Specific examples should be cited whenever possible.
• The Head of Contracting Office may also use the Summary of Findings to discuss issues not addressed on the checklists, interviews or review of records, such as whether the card provider and the merchants are providing acceptable customer service. Best practices are to be documented on the last page of the Summary of Findings. Any best practices or recommendations provided may be used to improve the purchase card program.

• Complete Certification of Completion: The Certification of Completion is dated and signed by the Head of Contracting Office and the agency program coordinator upon completion of the annual review.

6.3 Office of Acquisition Management Reviews
The Office of Acquisition Management may perform additional reviews (including on-site reviews), as necessary.

6.4 Annual Charge Card Program Report
The DOC Policy Manager is required to review the Department’s Purchase Card Program annually following the close of each fiscal year and prepare a State of the Purchase Card Program report. Specific suggestions for the report include:

• Review, analysis, and recommendations for implementing innovative charge card management solutions and workflow processes to:
  - improve management internal control over the purchase card program;
  - strengthen oversight;
  - streamline purchase card management processes;
  - reduce operating costs; and
  - reduce improper and abusive purchase card activity;

• Review and analysis of Operating Units usage of servicing bank’s electronic access systems, products and services.

• Review and analysis of current Government Accountability Office purchase card audit reports to access the Department’s vulnerability to report findings.

• Review and analysis of pending legislation that impacts the purchase card program.

• Review and analysis of refunds earned and the corresponding distribution to bureaus and Operating Units including refund lost opportunities.

END OF SECTION 6
APPENDICES
APPENDIX A – DEFINITIONS

**Abuse** – Use of a Government charge card or convenience check to buy authorized items, but at terms (e.g. price, quantity) that are excessive, or are for a questionable Government need or both.

**Accountable Property** – Accountable property includes a property purchased, leased (capital leases), or otherwise obtained having a unit acquisition cost of $5,000 or more (land, regardless of cost); and items that are sensitive, including to but not limited to pilferable items.

**Agency Program Coordinator** – An individual who serves as the focal point for task order administration including establishing and maintaining accounts, and issuance and destruction of cards.

**Anti-Deficiency Act** – Federal statute that prohibits the purchase of goods or services for which funds are unavailable or have not been appropriated.

**Approving Official** – An individual responsible for oversight and monitoring of one or more designated cardholder’s compliance with established regulations and procedures.

**Bank (or Cardholder) Statement** – The official monthly statement provided by the servicing bank to cardholders. The bank statement identifies all of the cardholder’s purchase card transactions during the billing cycle.

**Business Line** – A group of charge card activities with common functional characteristics (i.e., Purchase, Travel, and Fleet).

**Cardholder** – An individual to whom a card is issued to buy goods and services in support of official Government business.

**Cardholder Account** – An account established for an authorized employee against which official Government charges can be made.

**Cardholder Reconciliation** – The process by which the cardholder and the approving official reviews the monthly bank statements and reconciles against available supplier receipts and purchase card ordering logs.

**Charge Card** – A plastic card, issued to an individual or an entity, with an underlying account that is used for making purchases or payments. A charge card is similar to a credit card, except that generally the balance must be paid in full upon receipt of the statement.

**Commerce Bankcard Center (CBC)** – Located in Kansas City, Missouri, the CBC provides primary support for the operation and administration of the DOC Purchase Card Program.

**Commerce Purchase Card System (CPCS)** – The Department of Commerce financial system used for reconciliation and payment of purchase card transitions.

**Construction** – Construction, alterations, or repair (including dredging, excavating and painting) of buildings, structures or other real property.

**Continuity of Operations Planning (COOP)** – COOP is the effort within departments and agencies to ensure the continued performance of minimum essential functions during a wide range of potential emergencies.
**Contracting Officer** – Individuals delegated authority by the Senior Bureau Procurement Official to enter into, administer, and/or terminate contracts and to make related determinations and findings.

**Convenience Check** – A check that may be written on an approved cardholder’s purchase card account, within established single purchase limits.

**Convenience Check Log** – A listing which includes, at a minimum, the convenience check number, the merchant’s name, the merchant’s Tax Identification Number (TIN) a or Employer Identification Number (EIN), merchant address, the items purchased, the total dollar amount and the reason why a convenience check was used.

**Customer** – Individual responsible for defining the requirement, submitting a purchase request with available funds, and completing required approvals.

**Cycle Limit** – The spending limit imposed on a cardholder’s cumulative purchases in a given cycle.

**Delegation of Procurement Authority Memorandum** – A memorandum that recognizes the purchase card holder as a procurement official, grants authorization to spend Government funds, and establishes the level of purchase authority.

**Declined Transaction** – A transaction for which authorization has been refused by the purchase card issuing bank’s transaction authorization system.

**Declining Balance Cards** – One time use purchase card accounts that may be used during a limited time period (e.g., within a 3 year period), for a limited amount, possibly for a specific vendor or project. Available balance declines as the card is used.

**Designated Billing Office** – The payment office within a Federal agency that receives the "official invoice," which is a consolidated report listing all cardholder charges for the area the office serves. Treasury Financial Manual, Sect. 4520 Definition of Terms.

**Electronic Access System (EAS)** – The servicing bank’s Internet-based system which provides a variety of reports which assist in the effective management of the Purchase Card Program.

**Electronic Commerce** – The integration of electronic-based systems to support common business processes. For example, the purchase card contractor will provide invoices electronically to Federal agency designated billing offices and accept payments electronically from Federal Government payment centers, and will provide electronic access to account data and reports. Treasury Financial Manual, Sect. 4520 Definition of Terms.

**Environmental “Green” Purchasing** – The acquisition of supplies and services that promotes energy and water efficiency, advances the use of renewable energy products, and helps foster markets for emerging technologies.

**Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR)** – The regulation for use by federal executive agencies for acquisition of supplies and services with appropriated funds, as set forth in 48 CFR § 1-52.

**Fraud** – Any act of corruption or attempt to cheat the Government or corrupt the Government’s agents, including but not limited to, the use of Government charge cards to transact business that is not sanctioned, not authorized, not in one’s official Government capacity, not for the purpose for which the card was issued, or not as part of official Government business.
**GSA SmartPay®** – The Federal Government’s charge card program that provides Federal Government cardholders a means to pay for commercial goods and services, travel and travel-related expenses, and vehicle fleet expenses.

**Head of Contracting Office (HCO)** – Individual designated by the Senior Bureau Procurement Official to head the contracting offices within each operating unit that has designated contracting authority to award and administer contracts to the full limit of the Department’s contracting authority.

**Improper Purchase** – Purchase card transactions that are intended for Government use but are not permitted by law, regulation, or organizational policy.

**Internal Controls for the Purchase Card Program** – Measures taken to ensure program integrity, safeguarding of account information, and program effectiveness. Internal controls consist of the policies, procedures, training, organization, and surveillance governing the purchase card program.

**Merchant Category Code (MCC)** – A four-digit code used to identify the type of business a merchant conducts (e.g., gas stations, restaurants, airlines).

**Micro-Purchase** – As defined in FAR 2.101, an acquisition of supplies or services, the aggregate amount of which does not exceed $3,000, except in the case of construction subject to the Davis Bacon Act, the limit is $2,000, and for acquisitions of services subject to the Service Contract Act, the limit is $2,500.

**Misuse** – Use of a federal charge card or convenience check by an authorized user for other than the official Government purpose(s) for which it is intended. Purchase card misuse can invoke DOC disciplinary action.

**Operating Units** – The following entities are considered operating units, as defined in DOO 1-1 and in the Orders establishing the respective operating unit: Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS), Bureau of Census (Census), Economic Development Administration (EDA), Economic and Statistics Administration (ESA), International Trade Administration (ITA), Minority Business Development Agency (MBDA), National Institute of Standards & Technology (NIST), National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), National Telecommunications & Information Administration (NTIA), National Technical Information Services (NTIS), Patent and Trademark Office (PTO), Technology Administration (TA) (excluding NIST and the Office the Secretary).

**Purchase Card Ordering Log** – A manual or automated log in which the cardholder documents the individual transactions and screening for mandatory sources of supply, consideration regarding “green” purchasing, and any required Section 508 documentation when using the purchase card or associated convenience checks.

**Required Sources of Supply** – The priority of sources as listed by FAR Part 8 and FAR Subpart 8.001.

**Retention of Documents** – The storing of supporting documentation for purchase card transactions below the micro-purchase threshold for a period of 3 years in accordance with to FAR 4.805 and GAO-08-368R.

**Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act** – Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 requires that Federal departments and agencies procure electronic and information technology in such a manner as to allow Federal employees with disabilities to have access to and use of information and data that is comparable to the access to and use of information and data by other Federal employees.
**Senior Bureau Procurement Official (BPO)** – The senior career procurement official within each operating unit that has been delegated contracting authority.

**Senior Procurement Executive (SPE)** – The official appointed pursuant to Executive Order 12931 and the Services Acquisition Reform Act of 2003 to carry out the responsibilities identified in both Executive Order and the Services Acquisition Reform Act. Pursuant to DOO 20-26, Director for Acquisition Management, the Director of Acquisition Management is the Procurement Executive for the Department of Commerce.

**Servicing Bank** – The financial institution and its associations, responsible for issuing DOC purchase cards as the result of a task order against the active GSA SmartPay® 2 Master Contract is JP Morgan Chase Bank and MasterCard association.

**Separation of Duties** – A mandatory management control to prevent key functions from being done by the same person. Important duties, such as making purchases, authorizing payments, certifying funding and reviewing/auditing will be assigned to different individuals to minimize the risk of loss to the Government to the greatest possible extent.

**Simplified Acquisition** – An acquisition of supplies or services conducted in accordance with the procedures of FAR Part 13. The Simplified Acquisition Threshold is currently $100,000.

**Single Purchase Limit (Dollars per Transaction Limit)** – The dollar limit imposed on a cardholder’s single purchase or payment transaction.

**Split Purchase** – Separating a requirement that exceeds a cardholder’s single purchase limit or threshold into two or more buys as a means of circumventing the cardholder’s purchase limit.

**Statement of Account** – Official document of all transactions (debits and credits) at the cardholder level posted during the billing cycle. The statement of account is not the official invoice.

**Strategic Sourcing** – The process of continually analyzing the way funds are spent in order to ensure DOC is making efficient and effective purchases by: leveraging sourcing power by seeking opportunities to achieve discounts on commonly purchased goods and services; and applying discounts to all charge card transactions, as appropriate.

**Third Party Credit Card Processor** – A third party credit card processor is a company that can accept credit card orders over the internet on behalf of an individual or another merchant. Such as: PayPal, Propay, Citibank, CCBill, Globill systems, Verotel, CCNow, RegSoft, Kaqi, e.g.

**Virtual Cards** – A purchase card account number that is used to make payment on contracts or to a specific merchant that accepts the purchase card a method of payment.

**Warranted Contracting Officer** – See Contracting Officer definition.

**Waste** – Any activity taken with respect to a Government charge card that fosters, or results in, unnecessary costs or other program inefficiencies.
APPENDIX B – SAMPLE NOMINATION MEMORANDUM

Date:

MEMORANDUM FOR: Agency Program Coordinator

THROUGH: [Approving Official, if Cardholder Nominee]

FROM: [Supervisor of Nominee]

SUBJECT: Nomination of Government-wide Purchase Card [Holder or Approving Official]

[Name of Nominee] is hereby for a [Government-wide purchase card or Approving Official authority] in accordance with Commerce Acquisition Manual (CAM) 1313.301. [Name of Nominee] is a current, permanent full-time Department of Commerce employee and has demonstrated that he/she is responsible and possess the required business acumen to be entrusted with the responsibilities of a Government-wide purchase card.

[Provide justification explaining the need for the cardholder or AO including whether the new cardholder or AO will have emergency response or COOP responsibilities.]

[Name of Nominee] has completed all required training as outlined in CAM 1313.301 and copies of training certificates are attached. Relevant information for this nomination is as follows:

Name of Nominee: _______________
Office Telephone Number: ____________________
Office Fax Number: __________________________
E-Mail Address: ____________________________
Mailing Address: ____________________________

Single Limit: __________ (for cardholder nominee only)
30-Day Limit: __________

Line of Accounting (ACCS Codes) ______________

Number of cardholders, including this nominee, under Approving Official’s authority: __________
APPENDIX C – DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY MEMORANDUM
(APC)

Agency Organization Program Coordinator (APC)
Delegation of Authority Memorandum

MEMORANDUM FOR: ______________________

Agency Program Coordinator

FROM: ______________________

Head of Contracting Office

SUBJECT: Delegation of Procurement Authority for Agency Program Coordinator

In accordance with CAM 1313.301, you are hereby appointed as Agency Program Coordinator (APC) under the Department of Commerce’s Purchase Card Program for ___________ (insert Operating Unit.). Under this appointment, you are hereby delegated authority to manage the day-to-day operations for the Purchase Card Program under the GSA SmartPay® Program.

As APC, you shall not perform the duties and responsibilities of a cardholder, convenience check writer, or Approving Official.

As (APC), your responsibilities include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Analyze, research, resolve and provide responses to incoming questions and issues.
- Establish, manage, suspend, and/or terminate accounts.
- Manage Merchant Category Codes (MCC). Perform oversight functions, including review of MCCs notifying the HCO of questionable transactions identified.
- Provide training and guidance to all Operating Unit Approving Officials and cardholders, as well as maintaining records on completed training.
- Assist with developing Operating Unit-specific purchase card training. The training shall be unique to specific programs and not conflict with the GSA SmartPay®2 Master Contract or CAM 1313.301.
- Perform oversight activity of the Government Purchase Card. Conduct annual review/audit of Approving Official and cardholder records for adherence to the policies and guidance set forth in the FAR, CAR, CAM and Operating Unit-specific policy.
- Report suspected fraud, waste and abuse to the HCO and OIG. Procedures for submitting reports to the OIG shall be in accordance with DOC DAO 207-10 “Inspector General Investigation.”
- Request deviations to the Government Purchase Card policies in the CAM, as necessary.
- Terminate or suspend accounts at the request of the HCO when suspected fraud and/or abuse are apparent. Recommend the termination of the Delegation of Procurement Authority or Approving Official appointment.
- Upon the approval of the HCO, authorize increases to 30-day spending limit. The HCO
shall issue an amended Delegation of Authority memorandum and provide a copy to the APC and the AO.

The delegation may be terminated at any time by written notice by the HCO or Senior Bureau Procurement Official.

APC SIGNATURE

[Your signature indicates that you have read, understand and agree to comply with your APC role and responsibilities. Please sign and return the original to your Head of Contracting Office. Retain one copy for your file and provide one copy to the Level 1 APC.]
APPENDIX D – SAMPLE DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

Purchase Card Delegation of Authority Memorandum

MEMORANDUM FOR:  ______________________
                        Cardholder
FROM:  ______________________
            Head of Contracting Office
SUBJECT:  Delegation of Procurement Authority for use of the Government-wide Purchase Card

In accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) subpart 1.6 and Commerce Acquisition Manual 1313.301, you are hereby appointed as a cardholder under the Department of Commerce’s Purchase Card Program. Under this appointment, you are hereby delegated authority to make official purchases for your organization using the Government-wide Purchase Card under the GSA SmartPay® Program at the limitations established below:

Single Purchase Limit:

☐ Micro-purchase Threshold ($3,000 except for the acquisition of construction subject to the Davis Bacon Act, the limit is $2,000, and the acquisition of services subject to the Service Contract Act, the limit is $2,500 or

☐ $___________ for purchase of all products, and for services not subject to the Service Contract Act [Amount not to exceed $3,000]

☐ $___________ for purchase of construction [Amount not to exceed $2,000]

☐ Delegated authority to issue Convenience Checks for official purchases

Monthly (Billing Cycle) Purchase Limit: $___________

☐ Additional restrictions, limits, or conditions on card use as specified below:
[List any additional restrictions on card use here]

Emergency Use Cards:

☐ Employee has been designated as "emergency employees" or “mission-critical emergency employees” under an emergency response plan or continuity of operations plan and requires an emergency use card.

Your Delegation of Purchase Card authority is governed by the FAR, CAR, Commerce Acquisition Manual (CAM) 1313.301, Department of Commerce Purchase Card Program and any Operating Unit Polices and or Guidance. Your Statement of Account with supporting documentation shall be reviewed by your Approving Official on a monthly basis.

The Approving Official who will review and approve all purchases made under this delegation is:

         Approving Official [Name, Address, Phone, E-mail]
Your Agency/Organization Program Coordinator (APC) is:

APC [Name, Address, Phone, E-mail]

With this Delegation you assume a unique role as the Government’s authorized agent to obligate Government funds. Your role as the cardholder is to use the purchase card to buy goods and services for Government use. You hold the primary responsibility for the proper use of the purchase card. This is a substantial responsibility that must be exercised with fairness, reasonableness and good business judgment. The fact that your office has requested this authority for you is a clear statement of the trust that the Department of Commerce has placed in you. Your responsibilities as a cardholder are to:

Read and follow the Commerce Acquisition Manual (CAM) 1313.301, *Department of Commerce Purchase Card Procedures and any Operating Unit Policies and or Guidance*.

- Secure the card.
- Maintain a purchase card ordering log.
- Use the card only to make informed buys of approved goods and services.
- Ensure availability of funds before purchase.
- Ensure that the total amount of the transaction, including packaging, shipping, etc., does not exceed the single purchase limit or the amount of funds available for the transaction.
- Reconcile and document transactions.
- Use the card ethically.

You are the Government’s legal agent for each purchase made with the purchase card. You are legally responsible and accountable for each transaction. You must comply with all applicable regulations and procedures set forth in CAM 1313.301 and any Operating Unit Policies and or Guidance.

This delegation of purchasing authority is limited and is not subject to re-delegation by you. The delegation may be terminated at any time by written notice from the Agency Program Coordinator, the Head of Contracting Office, the Director, Office of Acquisition Management, or by the Office of the Procurement Executive.

I further certify that I:

- will only use the card and/or convenience checks for official purchases, within the dollar limitations designated for my card, and only when sufficient funds are available
- will only purchase authorized products or services, and will seek guidance from the APC before making a purchase in any case where doubt exists as to the legitimacy of a purchase
- will protect the card and/or convenience checks from unauthorized use, and will immediately report the loss or theft of the card/checks in accordance with DOC procedures
- will surrender the card and/or convenience checks upon termination of employment and or elimination of purchasing responsibilities at any time upon the request of the APC
- will comply with all audit requests in a timely manner
- understand that willful misuse of the card and/or convenience checks may result in immediate cancellation of the card/checks and disciplinary action against me
- will not transfer or authorize my purchase card to be used by any person
RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGED (Signature): ________________________ DATE: ____________

**Approving Official’s Certification**

I certify that I:
- will examine all cardholder documentation related to card and/or convenience check transactions to ensure that purchases are based on a bona fide need
- will resolve any questionable purchases with the cardholder and document records showing questioned transaction, investigation conducted and resolution of that investigation including disciplinary action taken or referral to the OIG
- will ensure that the cardholder’s purchase transactions are properly reconciled with the servicing bank’s statement of account
- will immediately notify my APC of any suspected cases of misuse or fraud

Approving Official Signature

______________________________ DATE: ____________
APPENDIX E – STATUS OF INACTIVE PURCHASE CARD

Status of Inactive Purchase Card

Date:

MEMORANDUM FOR: ______________________________

Approving Official

FROM: ______________________________

Agency Program Coordinator

SUBJECT: Purchase Card ending in _______. Cardholder: ____________________

A recent review of purchase card activity indicates that the subject card may be inactive based on the following:

☐ Card had no activity during the past 6 months

☐ Card had transactions totaling $_______ from _________ to ________.

Please review the subject card and complete, date, and sign this form and return it to your APC by __________. Failure to complete this form will result in cancellation of the card.

Approving Official Determination

I have reviewed this purchase card and have determined the following:

☐ Card is no longer needed and should be canceled for the following reason:
  ☐ Cardholder has transferred to another office or has left the organization
  ☐ Cardholder no longer wants to retain the card
  ☐ There are no requirements to justify need for a card
  ☐ Requirements are being satisfied by another cardholder or through other means
  ☐ Other (explain)

☐ Card is still required for the following reason:
  ☐ Card is to be used for emergencies. The cardholder has been designated as an “emergency employee” or a “mission-critical emergency employee” under an emergency response plan or continuity of operations plan (COOP).

  ☐ Office requirements exist but demand patterns are highly variable. Estimated use is $_______ during the next 6 months. Indicate the major types of products or services that are anticipated to be ordered during the next 6 months.

  ☐ Other (explain)

Approving Official: ______________________________

Signature: ______________________________ Date: _____________
APPENDIX F – SECTION 508 COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

Requisitioner ___________________ Requisition Number ___________________

Program Office _________________ Sec 508 Coordinator Review ____________

Product Description _______________________________________________________

Pre-Award Action for EIT Procurements

Check all appropriate boxes.

Exemptions to Section 508

Back-Office (i.e. comm. Closets type-equipment)  
Acquired Incidental to the Contract (e.g. is not part of the deliverables of the contract  
Commercial Non-Availability  
Fundamental Alteration (e.g. adding a large display on a pager or palm pilot)

Subparts and Categories for Section 508 Compliance

Subpart B – Technical categories of standards (may include more than one)  
Software applications and operating systems (36 CFR Part 1194.23)  
Web-based internet and intranet information and application (36 CFR Part 1194.22)  
Telecommunication products (36 CFR Part 1194.23)  
Video and multi-media products (36 CFR Part 1194.24)  
Self-contained, closed products (36CFR Part 1194.25)  
Desktop and portable computers (36 CFR Part 1194.26)

Subpart C – Functional performance criteria (only when Subpart B does not apply)  
Subpart D – Information, Documentation, and support Documentation requirements

Market Analysis for Section 508 Compliance

Products available, but they do not meet any of the appropriate standards  
Product(s) compliant  
Limited product availability (one product meets more 508 standards than others)  
(Attach analysis)  
Only one product meets functional specifications (attach justification)

Requisitoner ______________________________ Date ______________

Approving Official __________________________ Date ______________
## APPENDIX G – PURCHASE CARD RISK FACTORS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk Factor</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Recommended Risk Reduction Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General risk of fraud, waste, abuse and misuse</td>
<td>Ensure that the environment is not conducive to purchase card fraud, waste, abuse, and misuse.</td>
<td>▪ Conduct regular surveillance and annual reviews of all AOs and cardholders. Ensure that all violations are promptly identified and that corrective and/or disciplinary actions are taken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>▪ Publicize serious violations and the actions taken in response.</td>
<td>▪ Ensure that separation of duties exist so that an individual is not performing two or more purchase card functions for a transaction (cardholder and AO, AO and billing official, independent receipt and acceptance, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>▪ Ensure that cardholders and AOs receive all necessary training and refresher training commensurate with their purchase limits.</td>
<td>▪ AOPCs and AOs shall ensure that appropriate authorities are requested and that no transactions using emergency authorities are utilized until specific delegation of that authority has been given by the CFO/ASA and communicated to the Operating Unit(s) by OAM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newly appointed AOs and cardholders</td>
<td>Newly appointed AOs and cardholders have less experience with the purchase card program's policies and procedures and may therefore have a higher risk of misuse.</td>
<td>▪ Perform a limited review of all new AOs and cardholders within 90 days of their appointment to identify procedural errors or misuse.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase card accounts that have few or no merchant category restrictions</td>
<td>Card accounts with few merchant category restrictions provide more flexibility for cardholders but may increase the risk of unauthorized purchases.</td>
<td>▪ Based on the types of products and services the card is being used to purchase, consider adding merchant category code restrictions to the account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>▪ Review cardholder transactions for suspicious purchases and follow up as necessary</td>
<td>▪ Conduct periodic spot checks to ensure compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase card accounts with many transactions at or near the cardholder’s single purchase limit</td>
<td>This could be an indicator that purchases are being split in order to bring them under the cardholder’s limit.</td>
<td>▪ Review cardholder transactions for suspicious purchases and follow up as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase card accounts where the individual transaction amounts are significantly below the cardholder’s single purchase limit</td>
<td>This could indicate that the cardholder has greater purchase authority than they require for their typical purchases.</td>
<td>▪ Consider reducing the cardholder’s purchase limit consistent with their purchase needs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>▪ When establishing new card accounts, ensure that single purchase limits reflect actual needs rather than automatically defaulting to the micropurchase limit.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inactive cards (except Cards with little or no activity)</td>
<td>Cards with little or no activity</td>
<td>▪ Conduct review of inactive cards semi-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Purchase Card Risk Factors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk Factor</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Recommended Risk Reduction Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>for emergency cards issued under COOP)</td>
<td>over a 18 month period are considered inactive. Cards that are issued solely as a backup card for another cardholder are prohibited.</td>
<td>annually and cancel cards that are no longer required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Cardholders cannot have an AO who is organizationally below them (e.g., AO cannot oversee a cardholder who is the AO’s supervisor).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase card transactions during emergencies or other contingencies</td>
<td>Purchase card transactions occurring during emergencies (natural disasters, biological, radiological, chemical, health-related, etc.) pose a higher risk.</td>
<td>• Use servicing bank’s EAS to separate to track/identify all card purchases in support of emergency operations for anticipated reporting requirements to Congress, GAO, IG, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Ensure AOs and cardholders are advised of any changes to purchase card procedures or changes to authority levels as a result of the emergency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Conduct spot checks during the emergency for compliance, and post-event reviews of transactions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Ensure AOs and cardholders are promptly alerted when the emergency is over and any special emergency procedures or authorities revert to normal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AOs with a span of control of seven or more cardholders</td>
<td>As an AO’s span of control and monthly transaction review increases, the risk of failure to identify improper purchase transactions increases.</td>
<td>• If problems due to workload are identified during the annual review, consider reducing the span of control by training and appointing additional AOs as necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Conduct more frequent spot checks or surveillance of AOs with spans of control of seven or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APCs with a span of control greater than 350 AOs and cardholders</td>
<td>APCs with more than 350 AOs and cardholders assigned to them may find it difficult to adequately carry out their program oversight role effectively, thereby increasing risk.</td>
<td>• HCOs should monitor APC spans of control and establish additional APCs as warranted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• APCs should review the agency oversight and surveillance process and risk reduction approach for adequacy, and recommend any needed improvements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AOs or cardholders that have had previous instances of misuse</td>
<td>AOs and cardholders that have violated procedures in the past may have a higher risk of future violations</td>
<td>• Increased surveillance and spot checks to ensure compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Cancel cards for cardholder repeat offenders, or train and assign new AOs for repeat AO violations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Convenience check users

Convenience checks pose a greater risk of misuse because they have fewer controls over their use.  

- Conduct more frequent spot checks for convenience check users.  
- Ensure that convenience checks are adequately safeguarded and transactions are properly logged and identified.  
- Review convenience check usage and cancel checks for users that no longer require them.

Cardholders who are a higher grade than their AO

This situation is discouraged, and AOs should be at an equivalent or higher grade level. However, when organizational circumstances prevent this, there is a higher risk that the cardholder may exert undue influence over the AO’s actions due to the disparity in grade or position.  

- Increased surveillance of cardholder transactions  
- Conduct spot checks of AOs and cardholders to ensure compliance with policies and procedures  
- Immediately suspend card if abuse or misuse in observed. Report abuse or misuse to the IG.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purchase Card Risk Factors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Risk Factor</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholders who are physically or geographically removed from an office environment or their AO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| AO absence | The cardholder’s AO is absent due to leave, illness, temporary assignment, etc. This situation may lead to improper purchases if cardholder believes transactions will not be reviewed by a trained AO. | APCs should temporarily assign cardholders to another AO to review transactions.  
AOs should notify the A/OPC when an absence of more than 30 days is expected |
# APPENDIX H – STANDARD PURCHASE CARD REPORTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description Of Reports</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1099 Merchant</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The 1099 Merchant report can be used to analyze purchases made from 1099 Merchants. The report lists: MCC Code and Description, Merchant Name and Address, Merchant DBA Name, Taxpayer ID, and Dollar Amount.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45-Day</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The 45-Day report can be used to monitor delinquencies as it identifies accounts that are between 30 and 60 days past due.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account and Employee Hierarchy</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Account and Employee Hierarchy report shows the card and account hierarchies for all individuals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Audit</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The report will provide all card changes made over a selected date range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Audit - 123</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The report will provide all card changes made over a selected date range. This report contains the account number, change date, a description of the field changed, original data, new data and PaymentNet User ID that made the change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts Renewing Within Three Months</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Accounts Renewing within 3 Months report identifies accounts that will expire within 3 months of the report date, and can be used to help monitor card renewals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Available Limit by Low Available Balance</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Available Limit by Low Available Balance report can be used to help monitor cardholders who are nearing their available limit and determine if their credit lines are sufficient. The report includes Account Name, Acct #, Current Balance, Date Balance was Effective, Credit Limit, Cash Limit, and Available Balance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder Information</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Cardholder Information report provides a listing of card accounts as well as the total number of cardholders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder Listing by Hierarchy</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Cardholder Listing by Hierarchy report can be used to monitor the number and status of accounts in each Cost Center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder Listing with Addresses</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Cardholder Listing with Address report provides a list of accounts in each Cost Center along with the Cardholders address and Card expiration date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder Status</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Cardholder Status report can be used to identify account limits and account statuses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder Status with Hierarchy and Closed Date</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Cardholder Status with Hierarchy and Closed Date report can be used to identify account limits and account statuses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder with Account and MCC Group Limits</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Cardholder with Account and MCC Group Limits report can be used to identify account and Merchant Category Code group authorization limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholders with Default Account Codes</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Cardholders with Default Account Codes report shows all account names, account numbers, account limits, and all chart of account codes and custom field values attached to the account. Contents of this report are best viewed in PDF format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report Name</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Description Of Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Advance Detail by Hierarchy</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Cash Advance Detail by Hierarchy report is used to analyze only cash advance charges from the cardholders. The report shows the Transaction Date, Post Date, Merchant Name, Merchant City, Merchant State, MCC, Debit Amount, Credit Amount and Merchant Sales Tax.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central Bill Reconciliation</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Central Bill Reconciliation report can be used to analyze the transactions and accounts that have been charged to Central Bill accounts. The report lists: Central Bill Account Number, Transaction Date, Post Date, Transaction ID, Merchant Name, MCC, Merchant City and Merchant State, Micro-reference, and Amount.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central Bill Reconciliation Summary</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Central Bill Reconciliation Summary report can be used to analyze the account activity for cardholders that are attached to a central bill account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charge Off</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Charge Off report can be used to monitor bad debts. The report lists: Account Name, Account Number, Charge Off Amount, Charge Off Date, Past Due Amount, and Balance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chart of Accounts Audit</td>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>Any chart of account creations or changes made to an existing chart of accounts using PaymentNet can be queried using a date range. The report will demonstrate all chart of accounts changes made over the requested period of time. This report contains change date, change time, chart name, segment, segment value, field name, previous value, new value, and user ID that made the change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delinquencies with Current Balance</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Delinquencies with Current Balance report can be used to monitor past due accounts per cardholder. Subtotals are provided for each hierarchy level, as well as grand totals for the entire report. The report lists: Hierarchy, Account Number, Account Name, Past Due Amounts in each of the following categories: 1-30 Day, 31-60 Day, 61-90 Day, 91-120 Day, 121-150 Day, 151-180 Day, Charge-off Amount, and Current Balance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diversion Details by Cardholder</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>Diversion Details by Cardholder report can be used to analyze the charges to Diversion Accounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee Audit</td>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>Any employee creations or changes made to an existing employee using PaymentNet can be queried using a date range. This report contains change date, change time, user ID being changed or added, field name, previous value, new value, and user ID that made the change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Currency</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Foreign Currency report can be used to review transactions that occurred outside of the U.S. as well as the currency and exchange rate information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hierarchy Audit</td>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>Any hierarchy creations or changes made to an existing hierarchy using PaymentNet can be queried using a date range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report Name</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Description Of Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hierarchy List by Level</td>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>The Hierarchy List by Level report displays the company hierarchy tree structure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level III Temp Services Data</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>This report can be used to analyze information from temporary services. The report lists: Transaction ID, Transaction Date, Post Date, Merchant Name, City/State, and Amount. It also includes Source ID, Job Description, Temp Employee Name, Social Security Number, Requester, Job Code, Supervisor, Time Sheet Information such as Start Date, Week Ending, Hours, Overtime, Rate, Subtotal, Message ID, and Customer Code. Contents of the report are best viewed in Excel format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login Audit</td>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>Any logins to the PaymentNet application can be queried using a date range. The report will demonstrate all logins over the requested period of time. This report contains login date, login time, user ID, and duration of session.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MasterCard 1099 Transaction Detail</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>Use this report to review transactions at merchants to understand whether or not to include each specific transaction in the total spend for 1099 MISC reporting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MasterCard Enhanced Merchant Data</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>MasterCard Enhanced Merchant Data. Contents of the report are best viewed in Excel format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MasterCard Socio Economic</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Vendor Socio-Economic report provides the actual and percentage spend in dollars, transactions and number of vendors segmented by the various socio-economic statuses collected by MasterCard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MasterCard Vendor Information</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The MasterCard Vendor Information is used to support 1099-MISC and socio-economic (Form 1057) reporting needs. The report includes merchant name and address information, MCC, Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN), incorporation status, socio-economic status indicators, PaymentNet Preferred Vendor indicators, and both PaymentNet 1099 indicator and the MasterCard 1099able using MCC procedure indicator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCC with Default Account Codes</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Merchant Category Code with Default Account Codes report shows all default Merchant Category Codes and description. It includes individual Merchant Category Codes and shows default account codes where appropriate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merchant Profile with Custom Fields</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>This report displays all merchants by Name, City, Street, ZIP, Merchant Category Code, Minority Code, Incorporated Status, Tax Payer ID, 1099.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merchant Ranking</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>This report ranks merchants in T&amp;E categories in descending order of level of spend.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merchants with Default Account Codes</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Merchants with Default Account Codes report shows Merchant Name, Merchant City, Merchant State, Merchant Category Code, Merchant Default Account Codes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order Audit</td>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>Any order creations or changes made to an existing order</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parent Merchant Ranking</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Parent Merchant Ranking report identifies the Parent Merchant where the accounts are being used, the dollar amount spent per parent merchant, and can be used for negotiations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report Name</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Description Of Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spending Analysis by Tax ID</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Spending Analysis by Tax ID report can be used to analyze the purchases within the following merchant classifications: Sole proprietorship, Partnership, and Unincorporated. Sub-totals for service related and non-service related industries are provided within each merchant classification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement of Account</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Statement of Account provides a listing of previous cycle transaction information such as post date, merchant, transaction amount, MCC, original amount and tax.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summary Quarterly MCC</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Summary Quarterly MCC report summarizes the total number of transactions, total dollar amounts, and average dollar amounts spent per quarter for each Merchant Category Code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summary Quarterly Vendor Analysis</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Summary Quarterly Vendor Analysis summarizes the total number of transactions and dollar amounts spent per Quarter with each Merchant. Subtotals are provided for each Merchant Category.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summary Quarterly Vendor Analysis by Parent Merchant</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Summary Quarterly Vendor Analysis summarizes the total number of transactions and dollar amounts spent per Quarter with each Parent Merchant. Subtotals are provided for each Merchant Category.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suspension Cancellation</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Suspension/Cancellation report identifies accounts that have been suspended or cancelled. The report lists: Cardholder name, Account #, Status, and Account Balance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suspension Cancellation by Hierarchy</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>Suspension/Cancellation by Hierarchy report identifies accounts that have been suspended or cancelled. The report lists: Hierarchy, Cardholder name, Account #, Status, and Account Balance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Report 123</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The report will provide all card changes made over a selected date range. This report contains the account number, change date, a description of the field changed, original data, new data and PaymentNet User ID that made the change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Audit</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The report will provide all transaction changes made over a selected date range. This report contains the transaction ID, change date, a description of the field changed, original data, new data and PaymentNet User ID that made the change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Detail report can be used to monitor the purchases for each account. The report lists: Account Name, Account Number, Transaction ID, Transaction Date, Post Date, Merchant Name, Merchant City and State, MCC, Debit Amount, Credit Amount, and Tax.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail by Central Bill Account</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Detail by Central Bill Account can be used to analyze the transactions and accounts that have been charged to Central Bill accounts. The report lists: Tran Date, Post Date, Reference Number, Tran ID, Merchant Name, MCC, City, State, and Amount.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail by Hierarchy</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Detail by Hierarchy report summarizes the number of transactions and total dollar amount for each account and Hierarchy level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail by Merchant</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Detail by Merchant lists the transactions and dollar amounts spent with each Merchant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report Name</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Description Of Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail by Parent Merchant</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Detail by Parent Merchant report lists the transactions and dollar amounts spent with each Parent Merchant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail with Accounting Codes and Notes</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Detail with Accounting Codes and Notes report shows a list of transactions with their account codes, notes and custom fields.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail with Page Breaks</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Detail report lists the purchases for each account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail with Payments</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Detail with Payments report can be used to monitor the purchases and payments for each account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Detail with Purchase Addendum</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Detail with Purchase Addendum report is used to analyze only transactions with purchasing addendum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Disputes by Hierarchy</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Disputes by Hierarchy report can be used to monitor the status of disputed transactions. The report lists: Account Name, Account #, Merchant Name, Transaction Date, Transaction Amount, Date Disputed, and Date Resolved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Disputes by Status</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Disputes by Status report lists the status of disputed transactions. The report lists: Account Name, Transaction ID, Account Number, Merchant Name, Transaction Date, Transaction Amount, Date Disputed, and Date Resolved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Summary</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Summary report summarizes the number of transactions and total dollar amount for each account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Summary by Hierarchy</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Summary by Hierarchy report summarizes the number of transactions and total dollar amount for each account by Hierarchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Summary by Merchant</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Summary by Merchant summarizes the number of credit transactions and amount, the number of debit transactions and amount, total number of transactions, total amount per merchant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Summary by Parent Merchant</td>
<td>Transaction</td>
<td>The Transaction Summary by Parent Merchant summarizes the number of credit transactions and amount, the number of debit transactions and amount, total number of transactions, total amount per parent merchant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation Spending Analysis by Top Carrier</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The Transportation Spending Analysis by Top Carrier can be used for rate negotiations with transportation providers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unusual Activity Analysis</td>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>The Unusual Activity Analysis can be used to monitor unusual transaction activity and determine if the transactions are business-related.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visa 1099 Transaction Detail</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>Use this report to review transactions at merchants to understand whether or not to include each specific transaction in the total spent for 1099 MISC reporting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MasterCard Merchant</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The MasterCard Merchant Report is used to support 1099 and socioeconomic reporting needs. It includes the most current merchant information provided by MasterCard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report Name</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Description Of Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Socio Economic Report</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The MasterCard Vendor Socio-Economic report provides the actual and percentage spend in dollars, transactions and number of vendors segmented by the various socio-economic statuses collected by Visa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MasterCard Vendor Information</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The MasterCard Merchant Information is used to support 1099-MISC and socio-economic (Form 1057) reporting needs. It includes the most current merchant information provided by Visa. The report should be created in Excel format as it will not fit on a standard size page. The report includes merchant name and address information, MCC, Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN), incorporation status, socio-economic status indicators, PaymentNet Preferred Vendor indicators, and both PaymentNet 1099 indicator and the Visa 1099able using MCC procedure indicator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Write-off</td>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>The Write-Off report can be used to monitor bad debts. The report lists: Cardholder Name, Account Number, Write-off Amount, Write-off Date, Past Due Amount, and Balance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


APPENDIX I – ENTRANCE AND EXIT CONFERENCE ANNUAL PURCHASE CARD REVIEWS

[INSERT LETTER HEAD]

MEMORANDUM FOR:  __________________________
                      Program Manager

FROM:  __________________________
        Head of Contracting Office

SUBJECT: Entrance and Exit Conference for Annual Purchase Card Reviews

The Government Accountability Office recently concluded a government-wide audit of purchase card use by Federal agencies. A key aspect to that report was the determination that effective oversight of the use of the purchase card minimized risk to the agency in terms of reducing fraud, waste and abuse associated with use of the purchase card.

To minimize disruption to operations and to maximize utilization of my staff, the Office of Acquisition Management will be conducting an oversight review of purchase cardholders and convenience check writers in the various components of the [insert program office name]. These reviews will be conducted beginning in [insert date] and continue through [insert date].

Your office will be provided advance notice of the scheduled review. We will offer an entrance conference to discuss the review, a briefing of the conclusion and a copy of the final report of findings and recommendations. As appropriate, offices will be requested to develop a corrective action plan for any significant findings which will be implemented in [insert FY].

We recognize the value of efficiencies realized through the use of the purchase card. We believe that this review, in addition to identifying any areas of concern, will also enable my office to identify common problems that can be rectified through additional information being made available to cardholders and will help to identify opportunities for strategic sourcing that will be available to all DOC offices.

It is requested that this memorandum be shared with the individuals within your organization who are either purchase cardholders or approving officials for cardholders. A list for your organization is attached.
# APPENDIX J – PURCHASE CARD ANNUAL REVIEW CHECKLIST

## Purchase Card Annual Review Checklist

Cardholder Name: ______________ Date of Review: ______________

Period Covered: ______ [Insert Onsite or Electronic]__________

Reviewer Name: ______________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>A. APPROVING OFFICIAL REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Has the Approving Official documented all of their necessary training and refresher training?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Does the Approving Official have their Appointment memo/letter from the HCO?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Is the Approving Official maintaining an administrative file with the Delegation of Authority memos/letters, required training and refresher training for all Cardholders under their purview?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Is the Approving Official following the Commerce Acquisition Manual and/or Operating Unit policy when nominating new cardholders?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Is the Approving Official giving prior written approval to all purchase card and convenience check transactions (e-mails are acceptable)?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Is the Approving Official signing the monthly Government Purchase Card statement of account upon completion of their reconciliation/approval?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Has the Approving Official reported any suspected Fraud/Waste/Abuse to the APC or DOC/OIG?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Is the Approving Official maintaining the files for all Cardholders under their purview for 3 years?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>B. CARDHOLDER’S RESPONSIBILITIES AND REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Has the cardholder completed all required training?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Does the cardholder have their Delegation of Authority memo/letter from the HCO?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Did the cardholder receive a valid purchase request signed and dated by the requestor? (E-mail is acceptable).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Did the cardholder receive necessary pre-approvals with the purchase request (i.e. SF-182, HR approvals, 508 compliance, etc.)?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Did the cardholder generate any purchase requests?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Have any purchases exceeded the cardholder’s single purchase limit? cardholder SPL is $</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Did the cardholder split requirements to stay under their single purchase limit?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Did the cardholder check the “Required Sources of Supplies or Services” listing prior to ordering on the open market?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Were all transactions conducted only by the person to whom the Government Purchase Card is issued?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>If any sales taxes were paid did cardholder make any attempt to recover?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>B. CARDHOLDER’S RESPONSIBILITIES AND REQUIREMENTS</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Is there record of receipt by the Government, signed by persons other than the cardholder, of all items or services purchased? Were the “Separation of Duties” procedures followed?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Is the cardholder reconciling all transactions on their monthly statement in accordance with DOC and Operating Unit policy? Did the cardholder sign the monthly statement upon completion of the reconciliation?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Is the cardholder safeguarding their Government Purchase Card in accordance with the current CAM policy?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Does all cardholder transactions include, but not limited to, the following:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.) Purchase request</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2.) Any market research</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.) Copy of order if placed on-line</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.) Itemized Statement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.) Itemized packing slip</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.) Cash register receipt if over the counter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7.) Copy of service ticket (acceptance of service)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8.) Memo to File for unique requirement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>C. CONTRACTING OFFICER PURCHASE CARD USE OVER THE MICRO-PURCHASE THRESHOLD</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Does the Contracting Officer have a FAC-C Certification?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Are the purchases placed against an established contract?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Does the cardholder possess an active Contracting Officer’s Warrant?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Is the cardholder’s Approving Official a Contracting Officer with same or higher level Warrant?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Is the Government Purchase Card issued for COOP only?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COMMENTS:
## APPENDIX K – PURCHASE CARD REVIEW SUMMARY

### Internal Control Review
**FY ______**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Name:</th>
<th>For Reporting Cycle Ending:</th>
<th>Reviewed By:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[insert agency]</td>
<td>[Enter date]</td>
<td>[insert name]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PROGRAM REVIEW AUDIT STATISTICS, based on sample

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample Summary Count</th>
<th>Cardholder Current With All Training</th>
<th>Cardholder Current With All Refresher Training</th>
<th>Approving Official Current With All Training</th>
<th>Approving Official Current With All Refresher Training</th>
<th>Cardholder to AO Ratio</th>
<th>Number of Convenience Check Writers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>2:1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PROGRAM REVIEW AUDIT STATISTICS, based on sample

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample Summary Count</th>
<th>Approving Officials Reviewed</th>
<th>Cardholders Reviewed</th>
<th>On Site Reviews</th>
<th>Total Transactions Reviewed</th>
<th>Transactions Comply With DOC</th>
<th>Total Number of Convenience Checks Written</th>
<th>Number of Convenience Checks issued to same vendor</th>
<th>Convenience Checks above the Micro-Purchase Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Summary - Compliance With Regulations or Procedures, based on sample of transactions**
# Internal Control Review

**Agency Name:** [insert agency]  
**For Reporting Cycle Ending:** [Enter date]  
**Reviewed By:** [insert name]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Count of Exceptions, Findings, Errors</th>
<th>Transaction Supported by Invoice/Receipt</th>
<th>Transaction Supported by Purchase Request</th>
<th>Transactions Comply With DOC CAM</th>
<th>RESERVED</th>
<th>Delivery Receipt or Service Completion Supported by Cardholder and Approving Official signature</th>
<th>Accountable Personal Property Input into Personal Property Database</th>
<th>Transaction entered into Ordering Log or other requisition tracking log</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Transactions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of Items with Exceptions, Findings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Summary - Compliance With Regulations or Procedures, based on sample of cardholders**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Name: [insert agency]</th>
<th>For Reporting Cycle Ending: [Enter date]</th>
<th>Reviewed By: [insert name]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder has Proper Delegation of Authority</td>
<td>Cards are Secured</td>
<td>Cardholders’ Transactions are reconciled by the 3rd of the following month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardholder and Convenience Check Writer Complied with Split Transactions Regulations</td>
<td>Cardholder &amp; Convenience Check Writer Used a Required Source of Supply When Appropriate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Count of Exceptions, Findings, Errors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Cardholders</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage of Items with Exceptions, Findings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Note: These controls are also reviewed under the requirements of OMB Circular A-123 every three years.
APPENDIX L – PURCHASE CARD MANAGEMENT REVIEW REPORT

PURCHASE CARD MANAGEMENT REVIEW REPORT FOR
(insert field office)

I. INTRODUCTION

A Purchase Card Management Review was conducted at (insert field office) on (insert date(s)), by insert name(s) of those performing review and the acquisition office). The purchase card program at this location consists of (insert number of Approving Officials and number of cardholders). The current single purchase limits of the cardholders are as follows: (insert how many cardholders have up to the micro-purchase limit and how many have over the micro-purchase limit and what their single purchase limit is). (insert the number of files reviewed) purchase cardholder files were reviewed. The purpose of this review was to evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of the purchase card program and provide suggestions to improve any noted weaknesses or deficiencies. The review offers a baseline assessment of current strengths and weaknesses within the office. (insert the percent of the files reviewed, for example: One hundred percent of the 277 available files were reviewed) available files were reviewed for the period of (insert period of the files reviewed). The rating elements that were used were obtained from the Commerce Acquisition Manual 1313.301. The elements were then listed under three specific areas, in which one of the five possible ratings was applied to each area. The rating criteria are as follows:

Distinguished: Develops and implements innovative approaches in the purchase card program; produces and demonstrates improvements in the program; and develops internal control procedures to identify fraud, waste and abuse.

Commendable: Actions within the program that often exceed the norm and offers considerable value.

Satisfactory: Complies with applicable statutory and regulatory procedures; which are outlined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and Commerce Acquisition Manual (CAM).

Needs Improvement: One-time occurrences or borderline violation(s) of elements.

Unsatisfactory: Circumvents or often does not comply with purchase card policies and procedures.

A. Statutory, Regulatory and Procedural Compliance: Consists of thirteen elements and are as follows:

i. Did any other individual other than the cardholder use his or her card?
ii. Did purchases exceed the Cardholder's limit?
iii. Did the cardholder split requirements to stay under their single purchase limit?
iv. Were Required Sources of Supplies or Services checked prior to making a purchase?
v. Were purchases for official Government business?
vi. Were the following items purchased using the purchase card: long-term rental or lease of land or building, travel or travel related expenses; cash
advances; personal/convenience items; and were printing, personnel recruitment, newspaper advertisements, leasing of motor vehicles, meals at conferences purchased with the proper justifications and approvals?

vii. Was the card used for repetitive buys to the same vendor?
viii. Did the Cardholder pay any U.S. State taxes?
ix. Was personal property items properly tracked?
x. Was there evidence of competition and supporting documentation for transactions exceeding the micro-purchase threshold?
xi. Were domestic transactions exceeding the micro-purchase threshold per transaction set-aside for small business?
 xii. Were prices determined to be fair and reasonable in the absence of competition and
 xiii. Did procurements over the micro-purchase threshold comply with all applicable FAR requirements?

B. Business Practices and Judgment: consists of 6 elements and are as follows:

i. Does the cardholder reconcile their statement each month?
ii. Are cardholder records being retained for a minimum of 3 years?
iii. Is there a valid written authorization that describes what is to be purchased and signed by someone with authorized requisitioning authority?
iv. Are there valid receipts and/or cash register tapes supporting the purchase, if not is there a statement why a receipt and/or cash register tape is not available?
v. Is there proof of delivery or completion of performance?
vi. Were transactions entered in the Servicing Bank’s on-line Purchase Card Ordering Log?

C. Management Effectiveness: consists of two elements and are as follows:

i. Does each cardholder meet the required training requirements?
ii. Are acquisition references readily available?

The overall rating for your office resulting from this Purchase Card Program Review is: (Insert the applicable rating the office should receive based upon the five levels discussed in Part I)

The reviews consisted of the following findings:

II. STATUTORY, REGULATORY AND PROCEDURAL COMPLIANCE

Overview: This rating is based on compliance with procurement rules, regulations and procedures. Weaknesses are considered a violation in statutory, regulatory and procedural requirements. If a violation was a repeated occurrence, it was consolidated and considered a weakness under that particular element. The resultant rating assigned to this area was: (Insert the applicable rating for this section based upon the five levels discussed in Part I)

A. Strengths:

1. List all strengths that are applicable to this specific area.

EXAMPLE:

1. 95% of the purchases were for official Government business and were not purchases of restricted items or items requiring approvals prior to purchase.

2. Personal Property was properly tracked in the accountable property records.
B. Weaknesses:

1. List all weaknesses that are applicable to this specific area as well as justification to support your rationale.

   EXAMPLE:
   1. One of the four cardholders paid state tax resulting in a total of $182.14 for the year and a half reviewed.

   While this is a small amount of tax, the Government is tax exempt and therefore it is the responsibility of the cardholder to ensure that there is no tax charged to purchases. Each card has the tax exempt number embossed directly on the card.

   2. 100% of the files lacked documentation stating whether the Required Sources of Supply or Services were checked prior to ordering on the open market.

   Cardholders are required to adhere to the requirements of FAR 8.001, which require agencies to acquire supplies and services from designated sources if they are capable of providing them. Cardholders must review the required sources of supply prior to placing an order with a commercial vendor.

C. Recommendations:

   Provide recommendations for the above weaknesses.

   EXAMPLE:
   1. All cardholders should take the purchase card course offered by GSA or other commercial sources prior to the close of the third quarter in FY 08.

   2. Provide the servicing HCO with your plan of action on how you will comply with statutory, regulatory, and procedural requirements no later than (Insert Date response should be received by).

III. BUSINESS PRACTICES AND JUDGEMENT

Overview:

This rating is based on the overall quality of the purchase card files and business decisions by using the six elements that were listed. If a violation was a repeated occurrence, it was viewed as a trend and considered a weakness under that particular element. The resultant rating assigned to this area is: (Insert rating from the five levels discussed in part I).

A. Strengths:

List all strengths that are applicable to this specific area.

   EXAMPLE:
   1. Credit card statements were centrally located making them readily accessible.

   2. Purchase Card statements were reconciled within the required timeframe.

B. Weaknesses:

List all weaknesses that are applicable to this specific area.
EXAMPLE:

1. A procurement request or similar document was not consistently used to demonstrate funds availability, required source of supply availability, etc. prior to making purchases.

   FAR Part 32.702 states, “No officer or employee of the Government may create or authorize an obligation in excess of the funds available, or in advance of appropriations (Anti-Deficiency Act, 31 U.S.C. 1341), unless otherwise authorized by law. Before executing any contract, the contracting officer shall obtain written assurance from responsible fiscal authority that adequate funds exist.”

C. Recommendations:

   Provide recommendations for the above weaknesses.

EXAMPLE:

1. A purchase request of some type shall be completed for each transaction to indicate funds availability.

IV. MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVENESS

Overview:

This area included an assessment of the organization’s structure, along with a review of the tools provided to purchase card personnel. The resultant rating assigned to this area is: (Insert rating for this area based from the five levels discussed in Part I).

A. Strengths:

   List all strengths that are applicable to this specific area.

   EXAMPLE:
   All purchase card holders have had the required mandatory GSA Smart-Pay training and copies of the training certificates are on file.

B. Weaknesses:

   List all weaknesses that are applicable to this specific area.

   1. One of the cardholders, with purchase card authority over the micro-purchase threshold, has not completed Simplified Acquisition Procedures, which is required as per CAM 1313.301, Section __, Paragraph ____.

C. Recommendations:

   Provide recommendations for the above weakness.

   EXAMPLE: The cardholder shall complete the Simplified Acquisition Procedures course to ensure compliance with the CAM no later than ________. The Simplified Acquisition Procedures course is available online at no cost through Defense Acquisition University. The web site is: www.dau.mil.

V. SUMMARY
The overall rating for your office resulting from this Purchase Card Management Review is: (insert rating).

This was based on the ratings received for each of the following elements:

- Statutory, Regulatory and Procedural Compliance: (insert rating)
- Business Practices and Judgment: (insert rating)
- Management Effectiveness: (insert rating)

The review was conducted using all available resources and guidance, especially in the area of risk management and oversight. This is the focus of the DOC Purchase Card Program Risk Management Team, of which [insert servicing acquisition office] is an active team member and one of the [insert operating unit name] Representatives. The recommendations that we have made are to improve and ensure that your purchase card program adheres to the policies and regulations.

Please provide your plan of action to comply with these recommendations no later than (insert date).

END OF DOCUMENT

END OF CAM 1313.301